## METHODOLOGY AND SPECIFICATIONS GUIDE

### Petroleum Products & Gas Liquids: US, Caribbean and Latin America

**Latest Update: December 2012**

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**GENERAL METHODOLOGY**

Platts Americas refined product assessments reflect the prevailing market price at 3:15 pm Eastern Time. Platts takes into its editorial consideration bids, offers and transactions seen during the assessment day. These inputs are analyzed and normalized to reflect a market value at 3:15 pm Eastern Time. Platts only takes into consideration arms-length, transparent and verifiable market activity.

Any information published in Platts Market on Close (MOC) assessment processes (via a broker or after communicated intention to trade passed to an editor) is subject to editorial protocols guiding Platts’ assessment processes. Failure to meet editorial guidelines may result in a bid or offer being removed from publication, and Platts review processes may result in a deal being undone. Such removals or break of transactions can be caused by a variety of reasons, including but not limited to manifest error. For additional details on our assessment process guidelines for Americas refined products, click here to access the methodology guide.

Assessment time: Platts’ Americas refined products assessments reflect prevailing market price at 3:15 pm Eastern Time. Platts also takes into its editorial consideration bids, offers and transactions seen during the assessment day. These inputs are analyzed and normalized to reflect a market value at 3:15 pm Eastern Time. Platts only takes into consideration arms-length, transparent, verifiable market activity and activities that meet Platts’ editorial guidelines on price assessment.

Assessment information: Platts will consider fixed prices, floating prices and EFP differential market information in its assessment processes. Market participants submitting bids and offers on a differential exchange for physical (EFP) basis to futures during the Platts Americas oil Market on Close (MOC) assessment process should be explicit in their positions, including month of reference for the EFP.

Futures values: Effective June 1, 2009, Platts will use the assessed prevailing futures value at 3:15 pm Eastern Time in those markets where commodities trade at differentials to futures. For additional information on the assessment process for determining the value of futures at 3:15 pm ET, click here for the methodology statement.

Units: Product prices in the US are reported in US cents per gallon for gasoline, jet fuel and diesel. Residual fuel oils are priced in US dollars per barrel in the US with the exception of the US West Coast pipeline 180 and 380 CST fuel oils, which are assessed in US dollars per metric tonne. Latin products assessments are reported in US dollars per barrel.

Specifications: Product specifications for motor fuels vary across the US depending on prevailing regulations and trading practices. The specifications also change due to existing pipeline requirements. Pipelines may typically request the delivery of specifications tighter than those contractually agreed to deliver at the end of the pipeline. Platts grades reflect the quality delivered into the pipeline. The guide will provide a listing of the quotations and the main specifications reflected in the Platts assessments. Gasoline specifications vary widely depending on the time of the year and the location. General gasoline specifications follow:

- Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP): RVP can vary from a current low of 7.0 pounds per square inch (summer), to a high of 15.0 psi (winter). Allowable RVP will vary seasonally, depending on the area. Platts will make announcements during the course of the year regarding the specification changes.

- Typically, the RVP changes for a given market will follow the RVP change schedule of the most liquid pipeline in that region (e.g. Colonial Pipeline for US Gulf Coast, Explorer Pipeline for Chicago, Magellan for Group 3, Buckeye Pipeline for US Atlantic Coast, Kinder Morgan Energy Partners Pipeline System for Los Angeles/San Francisco, and Olympic Pipeline for Portland/Seattle).

Conventional Gasoline: All gasoline not considered reformulated (RFG) is conventional. Under the Clean Air Act provisions, conventional gasoline produced or sold in the US after Jan 1, 1995 must be at least as clean as gasoline produced or sold during the 1990 baseline period, as specified by the Clean Air Act. Benzene content is limited to a maximum of 1.3% maximum.

- Reformulated Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending (RBOB): RBOB is an unfinished gasoline product that lacks an oxygenate. The oxygenate in question is always ethanol, because ethanol can not be transported in a pipeline. Ethanol is blended into RBOB at the wholesale rack terminal. A California version of RBOB is generally known as CARBOB.

Conventional Gasoline Blending Components (CBOB): CBOB is conventional gasoline with a minimum octane of 82 (R+M/2) but typically has 83.5 octane. Ethanol is blended with CBOB to produce 87 Octane conventional gasoline.

Regions of coverage: In the Americas products market, Platts covers the New York cargoes and barges, Boston cargoes, Chicago, Group 3, Buckeye pipeline, gas liquids for Mount Belvieu, Mount Belvieu TET and Conway, Gulf Coast waterborne and pipeline, West Coast pipeline prices for Los Angeles, San Francisco, Seattle, Portland and Phoenix and West Coast waterborne. Platts also covers cargo markets in the Caribbean.

Trading platforms: Platts’ policy on electronic platforms is that it will treat firm trading positions and deals from internet platforms as it does any other information from principals or from intermediaries such as voice brokers. Platts cannot make any guarantee in advance about how and whether the information will be incorporated in its final assessment. All trading positions and deals submitted to Platts need to meet general requirements on openness, transparency and repeatability. Platts then makes an assessment based on published assessment parameters, using all the information available. Platts always seeks direct verification from the principals to a bid/offer deal, and will not disintermediate the actual market-maker, whether a deal is done on- or off-line.
PLATTS POLICY ON UNSCHEDULED NYMEX CLOSURES

Platts established in late 2001, in the wake of the September 11-related closure of the New York Mercantile Exchange, a policy on price assessments should a similar incident occur, or should the NYMEX close as a result of another unplanned event.

All US crude assessments will be produced. Platts believes there will be adequate OTC trade in the Brent/WTI market and the market for grade differentials to produce an accurate assessment. That policy also will apply to Latin American crude.

Based on past history, Platts does not believe there will be adequate flat price OTC trade in the markets for light ends in the US Gulf Coast, US Atlantic Coast and the US Midcontinent to serve as a substitute for an outright NYMEX settlement. Instead, those markets will be assessed by adjusting the prior day’s NYMEX settlement up or down by an amount equivalent to the equalized per gallon price of the $/barrels movement in the Platts’ WTI assessment for Gulf Coast and Midcontinent, and its 15-day Brent assessment for the US Atlantic Coast. New assessments of market differentials will then be applied against those prices to determine the final assessment. West Coast light ends, residual fuel, bunker fuel, LPG, MTBE and other blendstocks will be produced as normal.

Platts also reserves the right to suspend assessments should there be a major calamity, such as the events of September 11, 2001.

US ATLANTIC COAST

Platts covers markets in New York and Boston for both cargoes and barges, barrels loading into the Buckeye Pipeline at Linden, New Jersey, and barrels loading into the Laurel Pipeline at Boothwyn, Pennsylvania.

Gasoline & Distillates

Timing: Cargo assessments are 5-15 days forward from date of publication. Barge, Buckeye and Laurel Pipeline assessments reflect loading 3-7 days forward from date of publication Monday to Wednesday and 5-9 days forward on Thursday and Friday. Although the Buckeye assessment is a pipeline grade, it is scheduled on a basis similar to barges.

Platts US Atlantic Coast Laurel pipeline gasoline spot price assessments reflect market activity 3-7 days forward (Monday to Wednesday) and 5-9 days forward (Thursday & Friday) from date of publication or the next prompt cycle that is scheduled as it relates to the conventional premium grade.

Platts gasoline ratable assessments for CBOB 328 and RBOB reflect the ratable value one month forward from date of publication. These assessments roll over on the last trade day of the calendar month.

Platts US Atlantic Coast gasoline and distillate FOB barge assessments reflect market activity where the seller nominates the loading terminal 3-days ahead of the first day of a 3-day laycan. This period should include at least 2 full business days. Additionally, the buyer must nominate to the seller a barge and loading date 2 days prior to intended day of loading within the stipulated 3-day laycan. This period should include at least 1 full business day. The nomination should be submitted prior to 10:30 am ET. The seller should give notice of clearance, pending terminal acceptance of the barge nomination within 6 hours of receipt of buyer’s nomination.

Volume: Cargo assessments reflect parcels delivered basis New York Harbor with a minimum of 150,000 barrels up to normal vessel size limitations. Most products parcels delivered into the US markets are carried in medium range vessels, with occasional deliveries using long range vessels. Barge assessments, Buckeye and Laurel deliveries reflect volumes of 25,000 to 75,000 barrels. Platts will consider trades for volumes above 75,000 and below 25,000 barrels, but they will be subject to normalization.

Note: Bids or offers posted during the Platts Market on Close assessment process made on a barge or Buckeye cycle basis, buyers’ option, must be declared by the buyer at the time of transaction.

Basis: Platts US Atlantic Coast gasoline cargo assessments reflect an inside-duty basis, inclusive of import duties and Renewable Identification Number (RINS) credits. The value of RINS credits is derived from the RINS calendar-year assessments published by Platts. USAC distillate cargo assessments reflect an inside-duty basis.

Platts launched supplemental ex-duty basis US Atlantic Coast cargo assessments for Unleaded B7, Unleaded B9, Unleaded B93, RBOB, Premium RBOB, CBOB and Premium CBOB on February 1, 2010. These assessments are published concurrent to Platts existing USAC gasoline cargo assessments, which currently reflect inside-duty basis. These ex-duty supplemental assessments are exclusive of RINS, import duty, and any importing fees.

Duty+RINS: Platts also launched on February 1, 2010 an assessment of the gasoline duty, RINS, and importing fees value called Duty+RINS. On January 3, 2011 Platts launched a Duty+RINS assessment alongside each of its existing US Atlantic Coast gasoline cargo assessments.

The duty component of this assessment consists of a Harbor Maintenance Fee, Merchandising Process Fee, Spill Tax and duty. Duty is applied at the level published in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule by the United States International Trade Commission. Spill Tax is applied at the level set by the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund. The Merchandising Processing Fee and Harbor Maintenance Fee are established by the Internal Revenue Service and collected by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

On October 1, 2010, Platts began factoring in the RIN value corresponding to the current calendar year. So on October 1, 2010, Platts moved from reflecting 2009 RIN values to 2010 RIN values. On January 3, 2011, Platts will start to reflect 2011 RIN values. The RINS assessment reflects a combination of renewable fuels as mandated by the Environmental Protection Agency. The renewable fuels mandated by the EPA are conventional ethanol, biodiesel and cellulosic and advanced biofuel. Platts factors in a total amount of 8.01% of biofuel RIN per gallon of gasoline as per the Renewable Volume Obligation (RVO) requirements mandated by the EPA. Platts factors in a total amount of 0.78% of advanced biofuel RIN with biodiesel RIN contributing 0.69% and cellulosic biofuel RIN contributing 0.003% per gallon of gasoline. The ethanol RIN makes up the remaining RVO requirement. The RINS values are assessed on Platts Global Alert page 597.
Quality: Platts publishes assessments for seven unleaded gasoline grades in the US Atlantic Coast: 87, 89 and 93 Octane, RBOB grade UNL 83.7 and PREM 91.3, CBOB 83.5 and Premium CBOB 91 Octane. Octane is defined as RON plus MON divided by two((R+M)/2). Platts reflects various RVP grades depending on the time of the year. Platts assessments are for conventional gasoline.

Platts temporarily suspended its assessments for RBOB and Premium RBOB (PBOB) gasoline delivered through the US’ Laurel pipeline system from September 10, 2010, because pipeline owner Buckeye Partners, L.P. announced the suspension of shipments of the grades. Platts will resume assessing RBOB and PBOB when shipments begin again, on a date to be determined in the Spring of 2011.

Platts discontinued assessments for conventional gasoline delivered through the US’ Laurel pipeline system on December 31, 2010.

Platts began assessing CBOB and Premium-CBOB assessments shipped on the Laurel pipeline on September 13, 2010.

Platts began assessing New York Harbor CBOB Grade 328 and RBOB gasoline ratable markets effective June 1, 2011. The outright assessments are derived from differentials for the respective grades tied to second-month Platts NYMEX RBOB futures assessments at 3:15 pm ET.

Platts will discontinue assessments for conventional gasoline delivered through the US Buckeye pipeline system on April 30, 2012.

Reformulated Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending (RBOB): 83.7 octane (R+M)/2.

Premium Reformulated Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending (PBOB): 91.3 octane (R+M)/2.

Conventional Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending (CBOB): 83.5 octane.

Conventional Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending (CBOB) for Laurel Pipeline: 84 octane

Premium Conventional Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending (Premium-CBOB): 91 octane.

Jet Kerosene: Cargo assessments reflect jet-A1 meeting the latest issue of DEFSTAN 91-91 specifications. Barge assessments reflects Colonial Pipeline reference 54 grade, sulfur content of max 0.3%, gravity of 37-51 API, flash point of min 108° F and freeze point of max -40° F.

Low Sulfur Jet Kerosene: For cargoes and barges, Colonial Pipeline 55 grade with gravity of 37-51 API, flash point of min 123° F, freeze point of max minus 40° F, cetane of min 42 and 0.04% sulfur. Low sulfur jet kerosene is typically used as low sulfur blendstock to mix with diesel during fall and winter.

Ultra Low Sulfur Jet Kerosene: Cargo and barge assessments reflect Colonial Pipeline 55 grade with gravity of 37-51 API, flash point of min 123° F, freeze point of max minus 40° F, cetane of min 42, sulfur of max 15ppm. Ultra low sulfur jet kerosine is typically used as low sulfur blendstock to mix with diesel during fall and winter.

No.2 oil (Heating Oil): Cetane of min 40, sulfur content of max 0.2% at New York Harbor and up to 0.5% outside New York, gravity of 30 API, flash point of min 130° F.

Effective July 1, 2012, all heating oil consumed in the state of New York reflects ULSD (ultra low sulfur diesel) specifications, including 15ppm sulfur maximum. Therefore, Platts existing New York Harbor ULSD assessments are inclusive of the spot market value of New York State’s ULS heating oil as New York State’s Ultra Low Sulfur Heating Oil specifications mirror the Platts NYH ULSD specification basis.


Off Road LS Diesel: Sulfur of max 500 ppm.

Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel (ULSD):

Boston: Cetane of min 40, sulfur of max 15 ppm, gravity of max 30 API and flash point of min 130 F.

New York Harbor Barges and Cargo:

Cetane of min 40, sulfur of max 15 ppm, gravity of minimum 30 API and flash point of min 130 F.

Buckeye Pipeline:

Cetane of min 40, sulfur of max 8 ppm, gravity of max 30 API and flash point of min 130 F.

Gasoline RVP changes

RVP levels are effective for gasoline in New York Harbor, Boston, Buckeye and Laurel pipeline.

January through most of February: 15.0 psi RVP for all grades.

February 28: RVP changes to 13.5 psi RVP for all grades.

In mid-March, Platts begins quoting supplemental 9.0 psi RVP conventional unleaded prices. The date fluctuates on the basis of market activity.

13.5 psi RVP conventional and RBOB prices continue to appear as the main assessments and be carried through mid-April or when market activity declines.

In mid-April, when 13.5 psi RVP assessments end, 9.0 psi RVP conventional unleaded and VOC RBOB become the main assessments which run through summer.

Near the first week of September, the precise date dependent upon liquidity, Platts will add 13.5 psi RVP assessments for RFG and conventional gasoline. 9.0 psi RVP conventional prices will appear as supplemental assessments until mid-September.

At that time, the precise date will be determined, Platts stops assessing supplemental 9.0 psi RVP conventional prices. At that time, Platts only assesses 13.5 psi RVP conventional gasoline. Near the end of October, Platts changes the basis for its gasoline assessments to 15.0 psi RVP.

MTBE

Ethanol

Location: Basis FOB New York Harbor.

Volume: Minimum of 25,000 barrels. Platts increased the minimum volume for USAC ethanol on September 1, 2009 (previously minimum of 10,000 barrels).

Quality: Domesticated, denatured, refinery grade ethanol; Octane of min 115 (R+M)/2, RVP of min 18 psi.

Timing: Assessments reflect material loading on an any month basis from date of publication for the two front months. The front-month assessment will roll to the next month eight calendar days before the end of the month.

For example, the front-month assessment for September liftings in the month of September will roll over to reflect October on September 23 while the second month assessment will reflect November liftings. If this date falls on a weekend, the front-month assessment will roll on the next business day.

Platts extended the timing for its USAC ethanol assessment to an any month basis on September 1, 2010 (previously 5-15 days)

Residual Fuel Oil

Volume: Minimum 120,000 barrels for cargoes (one or multiple bottoms).

Location: As of June 1, 2010, cargoes delivered basis New York Harbor. Bids, offers and transactions that reflect delivery to locations beyond New York Harbor, i.e. Boston-Maryland range, will be normalized by using prevailing freight rates as published by Platts.

Platts launched US Atlantic Coast spot daily barge assessments on June 1, 2010 to bring transparency to these normalization factors. These spot barge rate assessments reflect the following routes: New York Harbor-Boston, New York Harbor-Philadelphia, and New York Harbor-Baltimore, and reflect the minimum volume for the USAC residual fuel oil assessments, 120,000 barrels.

Timing: As of April 1, 2009, cargo assessments reflect delivery in a 5 day delivery range 10-25 days forward from date of publication.

Public Dock Clause in USAC residual fuel oil positions: In the USAC residual fuel oil market, the buyer retains the option to nominate a specific public terminal in a given port, but the buyer must have the dates available for discharge as per the offer – and not buy the oil and then seek dates from the terminal. The buyer will bear the cost of the demurrage if the buyer fails to obtain the discharge dates as stipulated in the offer. The seller, however, is liable for all charges incurred if the cargo arrives beyond the stipulated offer dates.

Platts assessments reflect verified, repeatable, on-spec deals reported prior to deadline. Platts also takes into account firm, credible bids and offers reported by brokers and principals. In the absence of deals, bids and offers, Platts will assess what in its editorial opinion reflects a transactable value of fuel oil delivered 10-25 days forward based on an interpolation along the forward fuel oil curve and by taking into account prevailing physical premiums or discounts.

Additionally, Platts will utilize the forward curve for deals done partly on a floating basis and partly on a fixed price basis. If for instance, a deal is done on a 50-50 basis, with half of the deal done on a fixed price basis and the other half floating, Platts will determine the implied value for the floating part of the transaction. Platts will calculate the implied value of the floating portion of the transaction whenever fully floating or partly floating deals are done.

Quality:

Beginning April 15, 2008: The following clause was added for all US Atlantic Coast fuel oil assessments to better align with standard market practices: Product shall not contain petrochemical wastes, residues from acid-catalyzed refining process, spent chemicals, waste lubricants, tar bottoms or hazardous waste.

0.3%S HP: Gravity of min 10.5 to max 24.9 API, Viscosity of max 300 SSF, Pour point of max 110 F, min of 149,000 BTU/gal, Flash point of min 175, FB&SW of max 1.0%, Sediment of max 0.3%.

0.3%S LP: Gravity of min 10.5 to max 24.9 API, Viscosity of max 1,000 SSU at 100 degrees F, Pour point of max 60 F, Flash point of min 150 F.

0.7%S: Gravity of min 10 API, Viscosity of max 300 SSF, Nitrogen of max 0.5%, Vanadium of max 150 ppm, Asphaltenes of max 8%, min of 151,500 BTU/gal, Ash of max 0.1%, BS&W of max 1%, Flash point of min 150 F, Pour point of max 60 F. Effective July 1, 2009, this assessment will reflect Al+Si of max 200 ppm.

1.0%S: As of January 4, 2010, Platts US Atlantic Coast 1.0%S fuel oil assessment reflects Aluminum+Silicon (Al+Si) content of max 120 ppm. The aluminum-silicon content was reduced to 120ppm as of January 3, 2011. Nitrogen of max 0.5%, Vanadium of max 150 ppm, Gravity of min 10.1 to max 18.0 API, Viscosity of min 70 to max 250 SSF, Flash Point of min 150 F, Pour point of max 60 F, Ash of max 0.1%, BS&W of max 1.0%, Water by distillation of max 0.1%, Sediment by extraction of max 0.1%, Vanadium of max 150 ppm, Sodium of max 60 ppm, Asphaltenes of max 8%, min of 151,000 BTU/gal, HS of max 50 ppm. Effective April 1, 2012, the metals content for 1.0% will reflect Al+Si content of 80 ppm maximum.

2.2%S: Gravity of min 10 API, Viscosity of max 300 SSF, Vanadium of max 300 ppm, Al+Si of max 100 ppm, Flash point of min 150 F, BS&W of max 1%, Ash of max 0.1%. Effective April 1, 2012, the metals content for 2.2% will reflect Al+Si content of 80 ppm maximum.

2.2%S: Boston: Gravity of min 10 API, Viscosity of max 300 SSF, Vanadium of max 300 ppm, Al+Si of max 100 ppm, Flash point of min 150 F, BS&W of max 1%, Ash of max 0.1%. Effective April 1, 2012, the metals content for 2.2% will reflect Al+Si content of 80 ppm maximum.

3.0%S: Gravity of min 10 API, Viscosity of max 300 SSF, Vanadium of max 300 ppm, Al+Si of max 100 ppm, Flash point of min 150 F, BS&W of max 1%, Ash of max 0.1%. Effective April 1, 2012, the metals content for 3.0% will reflect Al+Si content of 80 ppm maximum.

Trading positions with other quality specifications will be normalized for assessment purposes to the updated Platts specification basis.
US Atlantic & Gulf Coast Residual Fuel Paper Markets

Platts publishes swaps assessments for 1.0% sulfur fuel oil on the US Atlantic Coast and 3.0% sulfur fuel oil on the US Gulf Coast.

The swaps assessments are for the immediate forward month and the next three forward months. The immediate forward month assessment expires on the last business day of the month. For example: in March, the paper months assessed are April, May, June and July.

On January 4, 2010, Platts launched balance-month swaps assessments for 1.0% sulfur fuel oil on the USAC and 3.0% sulfur fuel oil on the USGC. These assessments would be published from the first day of each calendar month until the 15th of the month, and would include the current day’s price assessment in contractual settlement calculations.

For example, a balance January swap assessed on January 4 would be deemed by Platts for assessment purposes to settle using spot values published from January 4 until (and including) the final publishing day of the month.

On October 1, 2010 Platts began publishing daily Mean of Platts US Atlantic Coast 1% sulfur residual fuel oil and US Gulf Coast 3% sulfur residual fuel oil strip assessments. The strip is the value of the respective fuel oil swaps market effective for the mid-point of the physical assessment.

Platts also began publishing the difference between the physical assessment and the US Atlantic Coast 1% sulfur residual fuel oil strip assessments. The strip is the value of the respective fuel oil swaps market effective for the mid-point of the physical assessment.

The difference between the physical assessment and the US Gulf Coast 3% sulfur residual fuel oil strip assessments. The strip is the value of the respective fuel oil swaps market effective for the mid-point of the physical assessment.

The quarterly swaps market is based on the calendar quarters: January-March, April-June, July-September and October-December. The next four quarters are assessed. Quarterly paper markets are assessed until the last business day of the preceding calendar quarter. On the first business day of a new quarter, the assessment reflects the next calendar quarter. For example, between January 1 and March 31, the first quarter assessed is the second quarter, April-June.

US GULF COAST

Pipeline prices are for product moving on the Colonial Pipeline with input at Pasadena, Texas. Pipeline assessments reflect southern grade products on the Colonial Pipeline with the exception of supplemental northern grade gasoline, which represents northern grade material.

Shipments on the Colonial Pipeline system are scheduled according to cycles. There are typically six cycles per month, for a total of 72 cycles per year. For example, cycles 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 are for January, cycles 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12 are for February, etc. Each cycle lasts approximately five days. Due to market conditions, cycles may carry premiums or discounts versus the next shipment. The cycle schedule is dictated by Colonial Pipeline, and is subject to change during the course of the year. Hence, rollover dates for the Platts assessments cannot be announced in advance. The cycles among products differ. Gasoline 13th cycle and distillate 13th cycle will not necessarily be in alignment.

For gasoline assessments, Platts rolls over premium, RBOB, and CBOP and Atlanta grades in conjunction with new cycle changes for the conventional unleaded gasoline (noted as M-grade by Colonial Pipeline). This is done to eliminate misalignments between the various gasoline products’ RVP levels, NYMEX basis months and regrade values.

**Ratable pipeline contract:** On January 3, 2011 Platts launched a front month ratable supply contract assessment for Ultra Low Sulphur Diesel (61 grade). A ratable contract stipulates that a seller will supply 25,000 barrels of ULSD per Colonial Pipeline cycle throughout the contractual month.

Platts rolls the month being assessed over to the following month after the first cycle of the front month is scheduled. For example, if the first ULSD pipeline cycle in February is scheduled on January 21, Platts will start to publish the March USGC, ULSD ratable contract with effect from the next business day.

Waterborne barrels represent light ends (gasoline, distillates) loading out of the defined locations below for shipment to another US port or exported outside of the US.

On September 1, 2009, Platts expanded the geographical loading points for its USGC light ends waterborne assessments to reflect Beaumont/Port Arthur and Lake Charles, in addition to the greater Houston area, which includes Texas City, Deer Park, Pasadena, Houston etc. All loading points beyond Port Arthur, greater Houston area and Lake Charles, including Corpus Christi, New Orleans, Baton Rouge and Pascagoula may be considered but this information will be normalized, if needed, back to the Platts-stated, three main USGC loading points.

This market is assessed on an FOB basis. The most open and representative bid will simply be for gasoline/ distillate at the generic USGC loading point. Bids that request individual loading points may be viewed as restrictive and be subject to normalization. The seller nominates the port and terminal in the USGC area and informs the buyer within five days of the first day of the three-day laycan. The

**Feedstocks & Blendstocks**

**Volume:** Minimum of 50,000 barrels.

**Location:** Basis CIF north of Hatteras.

**Timing:** Delivered 5-15 days forward from date of publication.

**Quality:**

**Vacuum Gasoil (VGO):** Three sulfur grades are assessed: Max 0.5%, 1.0% and Min 2%. The Aniline point of min 180 ppm. Conradson carbon residue of max 0.7%.

**Straight Run:** Low Sulfur: sulfur of max 0.3%, Gravity of 20-22 API, Viscosity of max 1,000 SSU (approximately 100 SSF)Pour point of max 60° F. High Sulfur: Sulfur of 2.0 to 3.5%, Gravity of 15-20 API.
buyer then nominates the vessel and the loading dates within the three-day laycan, pending terminal acceptance.

The minimum volume for light ends waterborne assessments is 50,000 barrels up to a maximum of 125,000. Light ends waterborne assessments reflect loading 10 to 20 days forward from date of publication with a 3-day notice of a 3-day loading period, upon the terminal’s acceptance. The barrels are expected to meet Colonial Pipeline’s product specifications, with the exception of waterborne No.2 oil (heating oil), which has a minimum 42 cetane number.

In addition, the underlying basis for Platts US Gulf Coast gasoline waterborne assessments now aligns with the delivery window, effective September 1, 2009. For any market information reported as a differential versus the pipeline market, Platts will use the prevailing pipeline basis during the 10-20 days forward timing period. For any market information reported as a differential versus the NYMEX, Platts will use the appropriate NYMEX futures contract basis prevailing at 3:15 pm Eastern Time.

Platts reiterates its commitment to use the front cycle pipeline assessment as the basis to determine its waterborne assessment for diesel (ULSD), jet fuel (jet 54), and heating oil (No. 2), as it would normally, with effect from December 10, 2012. Applicable premiums or discounts for waterborne products will be added or subtracted from the primary distillate pipeline assessment.

Effective October 3, 2011, Platts amended its waterborne delivery timing for the US Gulf Coast gasoline and distillate markets to 10 to 18 days forward from the publication date. This allows for market participants to enter bids and offers for the Front 3-days (front end), Middle 3-days (mid-window) and Back 3-days (back end).

### Gasoline

**Quality:**

**Regular unleaded:** Octane of min 87 (R+M)/2, Lead of max 0.01 g/ gal, Gravity of max 62 API.

**Unleaded midgrade:** Octane of min 89 (R+M)/2, Lead of max 0.01 g/ gal, Gravity of max 62 API.

**Super premium unleaded:** Octane of min 93 (R+M)/2, Lead of max 0.01 g/gal, Gravity of max 62 API.

**Regular RBOB gasoline:** Octane of min 83.7 (R+M)/2, ethanol of max 10%.

**Premium RBOB gasoline:** Octane of min 91.4 (R+M)/2, ethanol of max 10%.

Conventional Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending (CBOB): Octane of min 82 (R+M)/2 before blending with 10% denatured ethanol, Sulfur of max 80ppm. This assessment was launched on October 1, 2009.

On December 1, 2011, Platts launched waterborne assessments for US Gulf Coast CBOB gasoline. The location and timing basis for these CBOB assessments is parallel to other USGC waterborne gasoline assessments.

Premium Conventional Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending (Premium-CBOB): Octane of min 93 (R+M)/2 after blending with 10% denatured ethanol, Sulfur of max 80ppm. This assessment was launched on October 1, 2009.

### Gasoline RVP changes

Specific dates for the changing of RVP specifications can not be projected, because the actual dates of shipping cycles on the Colonial Pipeline varies.

Platts will publish notification of RVP specification changes prior to the change being implemented. The information will be based on that released on the Colonial Pipeline chart.

### Distillates

**Jet Kerosene 54:** Gravity of 37-51 API, Flash point of min 108° F, Freeze point of max minus 40° F, Sulfur of max 0.3%.

Jet/Kero 55: Gravity of 37-51 API, Flash point of min 123° F, freeze point of max minus 40° F, Cetane of min 40, Sulfur of max 0.04%.

Ultra Low Sulfur Jet Kero: Waterborne and Colonial Pipeline 55 grade, Gravity of 37-51 API, Flash Point of min 123° F, Freeze point of max minus 40° F, Cetane of min 42, Sulfur of max 15 ppm. Typically used as low sulfur blendstock to mix with diesel.

No. 2 Oil (Heating Oil): Sulfur of max 0.2%, Gravity of min 30 API, Flash point of min 130° F.

Waterborne No.2 Oil (Heating Oil): The waterborne heating oil assessment reflects the pipeline heating oil specifications above as well as a minimum 42 cetane number.

Low Sulfur Diesel (Waterborne): Cetane of min 40, Sulfur of max 500 ppm, Gravity of min 30 API, Flash point of min 130° F. Platts discontinued its on-road Low Sulfur Diesel pipeline assessments on June 1, 2010.

Low Sulfur Diesel off-road: Cetane of min 40, Sulfur of max 500 ppm, Gravity of min 30 API, Flash point of min 130° F.

Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel: Cetane of min 40, Sulfur of max 10 ppm, Gravity of min 30 API, Flash point of min 130 F.

### Residual Fuel

**Location:** Basis FOB Houston or New Orleans. Depending on relative liquidity between Houston and New Orleans, Platts will lean its US Gulf Coast residual fuel oil assessments to the more liquid of the two ports.

If a buyer elects to bid for a specific terminal, that bid would be normalized to FOB Houston. As this is a FOB transaction, the standard is for the seller to name the loading terminal, while buyer will nominate the loading dates, pending terminal acceptance.

Platts reserves the right not to include charter party differentials between other Gulf Coast points and one of those two cities if it believes there are other factors
that are more important, such as if a cargo is being exported on a Worldscale basis.

**Timing:** Effective July 1, 2011, barges loading 7-15 days forward from date of publication. Timing laycans are standardized as front window (7-9 days forward), middle window (10-12 days forward), back window (13-15 days forward), and full window (7-15 days forward). In any full window bid or offer, the counterparty must declare the 3 day window upon lifting during the Market on Close assessment process.

**Volume:** Minimum barge size of 45,000 barrels. Note the inability of a terminal to receive certain standard barge sizes may exclude certain sales from assessment, even if a sale is made within the specified quantity range. No.6 slurry oil minimum volume of 25,000 barrels.

**Quality:** Assessments may be influenced by blending costs associated with bringing off-specification material to the correct specification. Also, assessments take into consideration the value of different end users for the same material, e.g. straight-run fuel used as a feedstock.

Beginning April 15 2008: The following clause was added for 1%S, 3%S and RMG 380 to better align with standard market practices: Product shall not contain petrochemical wastes, residues from acid-catalyzed refining process, spent chemicals, waste lubricants, tar bottoms or hazardous waste.

No.6 1.0%: Under normal market conditions, typical USGC utility-grade 1% sulfur fuel oil specifications are in line with Florida Power & Light 1% maximum sulfur fuel oil for delivery to Manatee and Port Everglades, with the exception of API Gravity of minimum 6 degrees. Effective April 1, 2012, the metals content for 1.0% will reflect Al+Si content of 80 ppm maximum.

These underlying specifications for FP&L Manatee/Port Everglades fuel oil include:

- **Gravity:** Min 6 API, Dicyclopentadienes (DCPD) of max 600 ppm, Zinc+Magnesium+Phosphorous of max 30 ppm, Water and sediment of max 1%.
- **Viscosity:** of 25-225 SSF, Nitrogen of max 0.4%, Calcium of max 100 ppm, Vanadium of max 200 ppm, Flash point of min 150 F, Asphaltene of max 8.0%, Ash of max 0.1%, Sediment of max 0.20% by weight, Separability number of max 4, Sulfur of max 1.0%.

No.6 Slurry Oil: Sulfur of max 1%, Gravity of min 1 API, Viscosity of max 225 SSF, Flash point of min 140 F, Ash of max 0.15%, Water and sediment of max 1%.

No.6 3.0%: Sulfur of max 3%, Gravity of min 10.2 API, Viscosity of 150-250 SSF, Vanadium of max 450 ppm, Ash of max 0.1%, Flash point of min 150 F, Pour point of max 60 F, Al+Si of max 100 ppm, compatibility rating of max 2, Water of max 0.5%. Effective April 1, 2012, the metals content for 3.0% will reflect Al+Si content of 80 ppm maximum.

**RMG 380:** The specification basis for the RMG 380 assessment generally follows the ISO 8217:2005 standard for petroleum products - Fuels (Class F) - Specifications of Marine Fuels: Sulfur of max 4.5%, Gravity of 11.2 min API, Viscosity of max 380 CST at 50 degrees Celsius, Al+Si of max 80, Vanadium of max 300, CCR of max 18, Flash Point of min 80 degrees Celsius, Ash of max 0.15 ppm, Water of max 0.5%, Total Sediment of max 0.10. This assessment replaced the No.6 3.5%S assessment on November 3, 2008. Effective December 19, 2011, Platts USGC RMG 380 assessments will reflect a maximum of 3.5% sulfur in line with amendments to Annex VI of the International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL) in global high sulfur bunker fuel specifications.

Trading positions with other quality specifications may be normalized for assessment purposes to the updated Platts specification basis.

Forward curve and fixed/floating trades: Platts seeks the value of a floating transaction by extrapolating prices along the forward curve. For example, in assessing the value of a transaction completed in a backwardated market that was done on a floating basis, Platts seeks to determine the market’s valuation of fuel oil loading on those days in advance, and work any differentials off that number. The resulting number will not be strictly viewed as the value of the transaction, but will be taken into account in the assessment process.

**Feedstocks & Blendstocks**

**Volume:** Minimum of 50,000 barrels.

**Location:** VGO basis CIF Gulf Coast, Straight Run basis CIF Gulf Coast. Alkylate, reformate and raffinate basis FOB Houston.

**Timing:** Loading or delivery 5-15 days forward from date of publication.

**Quality:**

Vacuum Gasoil (VGO): Three sulfur grades are assessed: Max 0.5%, 1.0% and min 2%. Aniline point of min 180 ppm, Conradson carbon residue of max 0.7%.

**Straight Run:**

- **Sulfur:** Max 0.3%, Gravity of 20-22 API, Viscosity of max 1,000 SSU (approximately 100 SSF), Pour point of max 60° F. High Sulfur: Sulfur of 2.0 to 3.5%, Gravity of 15-20 API.
- **Alkylate:** RVP of max 5.5 psi, Octane of 92-93 (R+M)/2.
- **Reformate:** Gravity of 30-55 API, RVP of 0.5-2.5 psi, Sulfur of max 0.5%, RON of 95-110.
- **Raffinate:** Gravity of 60-70 API, RVP of 2.0-6.0 psi, Sulfur of max 0.5%, RON of 55-65.

**MTBE**

**Volume:** Minimum of 25,000 barrels. Smaller volume transactions and deals done outside of the Houston-Texas City area are used only as a guide in the assessment process.

**Location:** FOB Houston-Texas City.

**Timing:** Loading 5-15 days forward from date of publication, excluding prompt business for immediate lifting.

**Quality:** MTBE of min 95%, Water of max 1,500 ppm, Methanol of max 500 ppm, RVP of 8-10 psi, Octane of min 109 (R+M)/2, Oxygen of min 18.2% by weight.
Naphtha

Standard naphtha:

Location: Product moving into and out of the Gulf Coast basis CIF Houston. Imports are assessed on an inside duty basis.

Volume: For barges, minimum of 50,000 barrels. For cargoes, minimum of 200,000 barrels.

Quality: Reforming grade, Initial Boiling Point, 110°F min; Final Boiling Point, 360°F max; Color, 20 min; API, 56 min; RVP, 5 max; N+⁴, 40 min; Nitrogen, 2 max; Sulfur, 200 ppm max; Lead, 200 ppb.

Timing: For barges, delivered 5-15 days forward from date of publication. For cargoes, delivered 7-21 days forward from date of publication.

Paraffinic naphtha:

Location: CIF Houston

Volume: Minimum of 50,000 barrels.

Quality: Gravity of max 65 API, Paraffin of min 65%, RVP of max 12.5 psi, Sulfur of max 500 ppm.

Timing: Delivered 5-15 days forward from date of publication.

Heavy naphtha:

Location: Product moving into and out of the Gulf Coast basis CIF Houston. Imports are assessed on an inside duty basis.

Volume: For barges, minimum of 50,000 barrels. For cargoes, minimum of 200,000 barrels. Quality: Reforming grade, IBP, 180°F min; Color, 20 min; API, 54 min; RVP, 3 max; N+⁴, 40 min; Sulfur, 200 ppm max; Lead, 200 ppb max. Platts specifications include merchantability for all assessments.

Timing: For barges, delivered 5-15 days forward from date of publication. For cargoes, delivered 7-21 days forward from date of publication.

Biodiesel

Location: Daily Houston spot price assessments reflect truck or rail volume delivered in the Houston area. Daily Chicago assessments reflect truck or rail volume delivered at Argo or other major storage facilities in the Chicago area.

Volume: Truck volume of 150 barrels, rail volume of 700 barrels. Volumes of 1,000 to 3,000 barrels sold FOB in-tank at terminals in the Houston Ship Channel or Chicago may also be considered and normalized for assessment purposes.

Quality: Houston and Chicago spot assessments: 99.9% biodiesel, excluding any tax rebates or other refunds specific to biodiesel. ASTM specification for Biodiesel (B100): Cetane of min 47, Sulfur of max 15 ppm, Water and sediment of max 0.05%, Flash point of min 130°C.

Timing: Loading 3-10 days forward from date of publication.

CHICAGO

Platts Chicago refined product assessments reflect product delivered into Chicago via pipeline on a generic location basis for a minimum volume of 10,000 barrels. Bids, offers and trades delivered into Chicago for a specific pipeline — Kaneb, Wolverine, West Shore, or Badger — will be normalized back to the generic Chicago basis for assessment purposes. Platts has established cycle changes every ten days, on the 5th, 15th, and 25th of the month. The assessments reflect product moving on the prompt cycle.

Gasoline

Regular unleaded: Octane of min 87 (R+M)/2, Lead of max 0.01 g/gallon, Gravity of 62 API.

Midgrade unleaded: Octane of min 89 (R+M)/2, Lead of max 0.01 g/gallon, Gravity of 62 API.

Premium unleaded: Octane of min 93 (R+M)/2, Lead of max 0.01 g/gallon, Gravity of 62 API.

CBOB (Conventional Blendstock for Oxygenated Blending): Octane of min 87 (R+M)/2 after blending with 10% ethanol; all other specifications follow Explorer Pipeline specifications for CBOB. Platts launched this assessment on September 8, 2009.

RBOB (Reformulated Blendstock for Oxygenated Blending): Octane of 84.6 (R+M)/2, Gravity of 62 API.

PBOB (Blendstock for Oxygenated Blending): Octane of min 91.4 (R+M)/2, ethanol of max 10%.

For all grades of gasoline, Reid Vapor Pressure varies during the year from 9.0 psi in the summer to 15.0 psi in the winter. The RVP conversion schedule typically follows the Explorer Pipeline schedule with the following dates:

- February 25 (or beginning of 1st cycle March trade): Platts assessment of
15.0 psi RVP unleaded converts to 13.50 psi RVP unleaded.

- March 15 (or beginning of 3rd cycle March trade): Platts assessment of 13.50 psi RVP unleaded converts to 9.0 psi RVP unleaded.
- **September 16:** Platts assessment of 9.0 psi RVP unleaded converts to 11.50 psi RVP unleaded.
- **October 5:** Platts assessment of 11.50 psi RVP unleaded converts to 13.50 psi RVP unleaded.
- **December 5:** Platts assessment of 13.50 psi RVP unleaded converts to 15.0 psi RVP unleaded.

The Platts assessment of RBOB in the Chicago market switches to summer-grade VOC material on March 25, the start of first-cycle April trade, in line with seasonal Explorer pipeline specification changes.

### Distillates

**Quality:**

Jet/kero: Sulfur of max 0.3%, Gravity of 37-51 API, Flash point of min 108 F.

Ultra Low Sulfur Jet Kero: Sulfur of max 0.04%, Gravity of 37-51 API. Also known as No. 1 oil. This assessment runs from approximately October 15 to April 1, depending on seasonal refinery production changes.

**Low Sulfur Diesel:** Sulfur of max 500 ppm, Cetane of min 42. Platts discontinued this on-road LS Diesel grade on July 1, 2010.

Low Sulfur Diesel off-road: Sulfur of max 500 ppm, Cetane of min 42.

**ULSD:** Cetane of min 40, Sulfur of max 12 ppm, Gravity of 30 API, Flash point of min 130 F.

### Gasoline

**Regular unleaded:** Octane of min 87 (R+M)/2, Lead of max 0.01 g/gallon, Gravity of 62 API.

**Premium unleaded:** Octane of min 91 (R+M)/2, Lead of max 0.01 g/gallon, Gravity of 62 API.

For all grades of gasoline, Reid Vapor Pressure ranges from 9.0 psi for summer months to 13.5 psi for winter months. The Platts RVP conversion schedule follows the Magellan RVP schedule with the following typical dates:

- **February 1:** Platts assessment of 15.0 psi RVP unleaded converts to 13.5 psi RVP unleaded.
- **February 16:** Platts assessment of 13.50 psi RVP unleaded converts to 10.0 psi RVP unleaded.
- **March 1:** Platts assessment of 10.0 psi RVP unleaded converts to 8.50 psi RVP unleaded.
- **May 1:** Platts assessment of 8.50 psi RVP unleaded converts to 9.0 psi RVP unleaded.
- **September 16:** Platts assessment of 9.0 RVP unleaded converts to 10.0 RVP unleaded.

### Ethanol

**Location:** Effective October 1, 2009, Basis ITT Kinder Morgan Argo Terminal. On this date, Platts will modify the basis and location to this. Previously, this basis and location was FOB Chicago area terminals.

**Timing:** Assessments reflect material loading 5-15 days forward from date of publication. Platts widened the timing range for its Chicago ethanol assessment on September 1, 2009 (previously 5-10 days forward).

Platts US ethanol assessments reflect ethanol bids, offers and transactions with RINs (Renewable Identification Number) credit attached. Per EPA guidelines, the ethanol seller has the option to attach either the previous year or current year RINs for ethanol supplies nominated by the buyer for delivery/lifting in January. However, if a buyer nominates for delivery/lifting in February, the seller must supply current year RINs per typical market practice.

**Volume:** Minimum of 5,000 barrels. Platts increased the minimum volume on September 1, 2009 (previously 3,000 barrels).

**Quality:** Refinery grade ethanol, Octane of min 115 (R+M)/2, RVP of min 18 psi.

Effective September 1, 2011, Platts launched a daily “Rule 11” Chicago assessment, reflecting FOB Chicago for minimum five rail car lots (145,000 gallons), 5 to 15 days forward from publication date. Rule 11 is a railroad accounting term that refers to a customer shipping their freight “pre-paid” to an intermediate point and “collecting” beyond that intermediate point to the final destination.

Effective October 3, 2011, Platts launched Chicago ethanol swap assessments for the first two calendar months. The floating basis for the swap is Platts spot Chicago ethanol terminal assessments, and the swap volume reflects 42,000 gallons.

**GROUP THREE**

Assessments are made on an FOB Tulsa, Oklahoma, basis for product moving on the Magellan Pipeline system which runs from Tulsa, north through the US Midcontinent, and terminates in Minnesota and Wisconsin. Assessments reflect prompt cycle barrels scheduled into the line. Trade is assessed against the front month futures contract through the penultimate day of each month.

Assessments reflect market activity 1-3 days forward from date of publication with trading positions of 10,000 barrels minimum, with the exception of Premium (A-grade) and Jet (Q-grade), where market activity with a minimum of 5,000 barrels will be considered for assessment purposes.

#### Gasoline

**Regular unleaded:** Octane of min 87 (R+M)/2, Lead of max 0.01 g/gallon, Gravity of 62 API.

**Premium unleaded:** Octane of min 91 (R+M)/2, Lead of max 0.01 g/gallon, Gravity of 62 API.

For all grades of gasoline, Reid Vapor Pressure ranges from 9.0 psi for summer months to 13.5 psi for winter months. The Platts RVP conversion schedule follows the Magellan RVP schedule with the following typical dates:

- **February 1:** Platts assessment of 15.0 psi RVP unleaded converts to 13.5 psi RVP unleaded.
- **February 16:** Platts assessment of 13.50 psi RVP unleaded converts to 10.0 psi RVP unleaded.
- **March 1:** Platts assessment of 10.0 psi RVP unleaded converts to 8.50 psi RVP unleaded.
- **May 1:** Platts assessment of 8.50 psi RVP unleaded converts to 9.0 psi RVP unleaded.
- **September 16:** Platts assessment of 9.0 RVP unleaded converts to 10.0 RVP unleaded.
October 1: Platts assessment of 10.0 psi RVP unleaded converts to 11.50 psi RVP unleaded.

November 1: Platts assessment of 11.50 psi RVP converts to 13.5 psi RVP unleaded.

December 1: Platts assessment of 13.50 psi RVP converts to 15.0 psi RVP unleaded.

Distillates

Jet Kerosene: Sulfur of max 0.3%, Gravity of max 37.5 API, Flash point of min 110 F.

Low-sulfur Jet Kerosene: Sulfur of max 0.047%, Gravity of min 37 API, Flash point of min 125 F to max 160 F. Also known as Y grade. This assessment runs from approximately October 15 through April 1, depending on seasonal refinery production changes.

Low Sulfur Diesel: Cetane of min 42, Sulfur of max 500 ppm, Gravity of max 30 API, Flash point of 140 F. Platts discontinued this assessment on June 15, 2010.

Low Sulfur Diesel off-road: Cetane of min 42, Sulfur of max 500 ppm, Gravity of max 30 API, Flash point of 140 F. Platts discontinued this assessment on July 1, 2010.

ULSD: Cetane of min 40, Sulfur of max 12 ppm, Gravity of max 30 API, Flash point of 130 F.

US WEST COAST

Pipeline:

Volume: Minimum of 10,000 barrels, and a maximum of 25,000 barrels.

Location: Product moving on the Kinder Morgan Energy Partners Pipeline (formerly the Santa Fe Pacific Pipeline) system in California and the Olympic Pipeline system in the Northwest.

Timing: Platts assesses the so-called any-barrel, which can be scheduled for any cycle during the current month. Portland and Seattle product assessments reflect prompt market activity up to four days forward from date of publication.

Product is scheduled for delivery on Kinder Morgan’s pipeline. Shipments on the Kinder Morgan Energy Partners Pipeline system are scheduled according to cycles. There are typically four cycles every month for a total of 48 cycles per year. For example, cycles 1, 2, 3 and 4 are for January, cycles 5, 6, 7 and 8 are for February, etc. Each cycle lasts approximately 7.5 days, but changes in the schedule may occur and are decided by the pipeline company. Shipments on the Olympic Pipeline system also are scheduled according to cycles. There are typically five cycles every month with the exception of February, which has four, for a total of 59 cycles per year. Each cycle lasts approximately six to seven days, but changes in the schedule may occur and are decided by the pipeline company.

Platts does not consider distressed trades for its assessments. Specifically, distressed deals include barrels that must be accepted within eight days or less. Distressed deals also include barrels that are bought and sold within the Kinder-Morgan “pipeline freeze.” The freeze is defined as the period of time for which the pipeline shipper will no longer accept changes to its scheduled deliveries.

Platts assessments of US West Coast jet fuel will roll from the current to the next forward month eight days prior to the end of the month. Assessments will be rolled on the following business day if the eighth day falls on a weekend or public holiday.

Waterborne:

Volume: Jet and gasoline waterborne cargoes generally are in barge lots of minimum 50,000 barrels, while non-CARB diesel, the so-called EPA diesel (see below), generally trades as cargoes, with a minimum volume of 200,000 barrels.

Location: Cargoes cover export or import at any location from Los Angeles to Seattle, but the market keys off Los Angeles prices. Domestic but offshore-lightered barrels are treated as if they were domestic.

Timing: For cargoes and barges, delivered 14-21 days forward from date of publication. Barges or cargoes with delivery dates less than two weeks are considered distressed.

Gasoline

Quality:


Unleaded 87: Octane of min 87 (R+M)/2; Lead content of max 0.03 gm/gal.

Unleaded 84: Octane of min 84 (R+M)/2; Lead content of max 0.03 gm/gal.

Premium Unleaded: Octane of min 88.5 (R+M)/2; Lead content of max 0.03 gm/gal.

CARBOB:

Location: All products must be deliverable into Kinder Morgan’s California pipeline system for done deals to warrant inclusion in the Platts daily assessment.

Quality: CARBOB is a non-oxygenated blendstock meeting California gasoline specifications. It is blended with ethanol to produce finished gasoline that meets CARB specifications, and does not contain MTBE as an oxygenate. Platts assesses Los Angeles and San Francisco markets with both lower octane and premium grade versions of CARBOB gasoline. Conventional grade CARBOB has an octane of min 84 (R+M)/2 and premium CARBOB has an octane of min 88.5 (R+M)/2. Kinder Morgan certifies that both grades of gasoline must be blendable to 10% ethanol for shipment in its pipeline. All CARBOB gasoline deals must involve product which meets the California Air Resources Board requirements as well as Kinder Morgan’s specifications for CARB phase 3 gasoline.
Platts assesses paper CARBOB assessments one, two and three months forward; one and two quarters forward; and one year forward.

Arizona/Las Vegas: Platts assesses CBG and AZBOB grade gasoline in the Arizona/Phoenix market. The market is generally supplied out of the US West Coast, but consumes gasoline with specifications designed specifically for the areas. AZBOB is a blendstock that is blended with ethanol.

Platts discontinued its assessments of Las Vegas Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending (LVRBOB) winter grade gasoline on October 1, 2010.

**Assessment Time:** In Arizona, Platts assesses a Clean Burning Gasoline grade (CBG) between March 1 and October 14. After October 14, an Arizona Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending (AZBOB) is assessed until March 1. This is consumed in the Phoenix metropolitan area. Arizona CBG is a finished gasoline grade, while AZBOB is a gasoline blendstock for blending with ethanol.

**Quality:**

**Arizona CBG:** Octane grades of min 87 and min 91 (R+M)/2, Sulfur of max 89 ppm, Lead of max 0.03 g/gal.

**AZBOB:** Octane grades of min 84 and min 88.5 (R+M)/2, Sulfur of max 89 ppm, Lead of max 0.03 g/gal.

The various grades of gasoline on the West Coast have a variable series of RVP changes subject to Kinder Morgan pipeline scheduling.

### Distillates

**Jet Kero:**

**Location:** Delivered on the Kinder Morgan Pipeline System, with an option to deliver at Los Angeles International Airport (LAX).

**Quality:** Pipeline assessments of Jet-A with Sulfur of max 0.3%, Gravity of 37-51 API, Flash point of min 105 F, Freeze point of max minus 40 F. Waterborne assessments reflect DEFSTAN 91-91.

Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel ("EPA diesel"): Meets EPA ultra low sulfur diesel specifications, but not California Air Resources Board specifications. Also reflects the Kinder Morgan Pipeline Specifications: Aromatics of max 35%, Sulfur of max 11 ppm, Cetane of min 40. May contain up to 5% renewable diesel content.

**CARB Diesel:**

**Location:** Delivered on the Kinder Morgan Pipeline System, with an option to deliver into GATX storage in Los Angeles.

**Quality:** Meets specifications of the California Air Resources Board. It also reflects the Kinder Morgan Pipeline Specifications for Aromatics max of 10% (or 35% if produced within the restrictions of a CARB Executive Order). Cetane of min 40, Gravity of max 30 API, Sulfur of max 11 ppm. May contain up to 5% renewable diesel content.

**Gasoil:** Cetane of min 45, Sulfur of max 0.5%, Gravity of 32-33 API. Waterborne assessment only.

High Sulfur Diesel (Portland and Seattle only): Sulfur of max 5,000 ppm. Meets other specifications of Olympic Pipeline System. Platts discontinued this assessment effective May 1, 2011.


### Fuel Oil

**Industrial fuel oil 380 and IFO 180:** Marine fuel (bunker) market. IFO 380 has Viscosity of max 380 CST, Gravity of 11.3 API, Sulfur of 2.5-3.5%, Vanadium of 150-600 mg/Kg, Water content of 0.5-1.0%, Ash of 0.1-0.2%. IFO 180 has the same specifications as IFO 380 in all respects except for Viscosity of max 180 CST.

No 6, 0.5%S, 1.0%S, and 2.0%S: Sulfur of max 0.5%, 1.0%, and 2.0% by weight. Power generation units, i.e. electric utility companies, usually use the low sulfur grades. This quote is used to distinguish larger volumes, whether for import or export.

### Ethanol

**Volume:** 800 barrel rail car deliveries.

**Location:** For Southern California, delivery into Gardena, Wilmington and Carson terminals. For Northern California, delivery into Richmond and Selby terminals. Other terminals may be included in the future as the spot market develops.

**Timing:** Delivery 7-14 and 15-30 days forward from date of publication.

**Quality:** Refinery grade ethanol, Octane of min 115 (R+M)/2, RVP of max 18 psi.

### Feedstocks

**Volume:** Minimum of 50,000 barrels.

**Location:** VGO basis CIF Los Angeles or San Francisco

**Timing:** Loading or delivery 5-15 days forward from date of publication.

**Quality:**

Vacuum Gasoil (VGO): Two sulfur grades are assessed: Max 0.5% and min 2%. Aniline point of min 180 ppm, Conradson carbon residue of max 0.7%.
EUROPEAN FEEDSTOCKS (PUBLISHED IN REFINER)

Assessment time: Platts assessment methodology for European feedstocks reflects prevailing market price at 16:30 London time. Platts also takes into its editorial consideration bids, offers and transactions seen during the assessment day. These inputs are analyzed and normalized to reflect a market value at 16:30 London Time

Volume: The cargo assessments typically reflect parcels of 25,000-30,000 mt each within the Mediterranean, but cargoes of up to 55,000 tonnes may be taken into account when arbitrage openings present themselves.

Location: Low Sulfur Straight Run basis CIF Mediterranean

US GAS LIQUIDS

US gas liquids prices reflect business done only on barrels for any days in the specified delivery month — also known as “any barrels” — and product loading at least three days from the date of the report. Wet and prompt barrels are not reflected in Platts price assessments. Platts assesses the current month until three calendar days from the end of the month, before switching its assessment forward by one month. Platts US gas liquids assessments are published in cents/gal.

Effective June 1, 2012, Platts launched second-month physical NGL assessments for the following products: non-LST purity ethane, non-LST E/P mix, non-LST propane, LST propane, non-LST normal butane, non-Targa natural gasoline. These new assessments reflect one delivery month forward from the prompt delivery month Platts currently assesses. For example, on June 1, Platts will assess June gas liquids for injection ex-Mont Belvieu as the front-month assessment, and these second month assessments would reflect barrels for injection in July.

Volume: Minimum of 5,000 barrels for all Conway Pipeline, Bushton, and Hattiesburg deals, minimum of 10,000 barrels for Iso-butane at Mont Belvieu, and minimum of 25,000 barrels for all other LPG products and pipelines.

Location: Platts publishes assessments on a FOB Mont Belvieu, Texas basis, and FOB Conway, Kansas basis for all gas liquids. Platts also assesses propane at Bushton, Kansas and Hattiesburg, Mississippi and natural gasoline on various points of the Mississippi River in Louisiana.

Propane is assessed at Mont Belvieu on a non-LST and LST basis. LST material moves on the former Texas Eastern Transmission pipeline, previously owned by Louis Dreyfus Holdings and now owned by Lone Star NGL, which runs from South Texas northward and terminates near Albany, New York and Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Butane is assessed at Mont Belvieu on a non-LST and LST basis. LST material moves on the former Texas Eastern Transmission pipeline which runs from South Texas northward to Ohio and terminates in Massachusetts. Iso-butane is assessed on a LST and non-LST basis. Natural gasoline is reported on a non-Targa and a Targa basis. Targa is a major terminal in the Mont Belvieu area.

Platts assesses a LST-location natural gasoline price, and a natural gasoline assessment for “the River”. This assessment covers various points on the Mississippi River in Louisiana, including (but not limited to) Napoleonville, Terrebonne and Norco.

Quality:

Ethane (C2): Platts publishes an assessment for non-LST purity ethane and another for non-LST and Conway ethane/propane mix. Ethane assessments reflect material with a specific gravity of 0.3546 and a boiling point of -89° C. Purity ethane is 95% pure or better. Ethane/propane mix is comprised of 80% ethane and 20% propane. Conversion rate from cents/gal to $/mt is 7.42.

Propane (C3): Platts publishes assessments for LST, non-LST, Conway, Bushton, and Hattiesburg propane. Specific gravity of 0.5077, Boiling point of -43° C. Conversion rate from cents/gal to $/mt is 5.21. Product specifications are the same for Mont Belvieu and Conway assessments.

Normal Butane (C4): Platts publishes assessments for LST, non-LST, and Conway normal butane. Specific gravity of 0.5844, Boiling point of -1° C. Conversion rate from cents/gal to $/mt is 4.53. Product specifications are the same for Mont Belvieu and Conway assessments.

Iso-butane (IC4): Platts publishes assessments for LST, non-LST, and Conway iso-butane. Specific gravity of 0.5631, Boiling point of -12° C, Conversion rate from cents/gal to $/mt is of 4.70. Product specifications are the same for Mont Belvieu and Conway assessments.

Natural Gasoline (C5): Platts publishes assessments for LST, Targa, non-Targa, Conway, and River natural gasoline. Specific gravity of 81 API, RVP of 12-14 PSI, Boiling point of 90° F, Sulfur of max 0.1%, Octane of max 73 (R+M)/2. Conversion rate from cents/gal to $/mt is 3.97.

CARIBBEAN

Location: Platts defines the Caribbean as including any Caribbean islands. Caribbean prices are assessed on an FOB basis, depending on market conditions. There is no central delivery or loading point for these assessments.

In the absence of confirmed transactions, assessments for light ends in the Caribbean are based on a spread against corresponding US Gulf Coast light ends waterborne
assessments. Gasoil and jet fuel are assessed against No.2 and jet assessments, respectively. Naphtha is assessed against USGC waterborne naphtha. Fuel oil is assessed against US Atlantic Coast levels for similar specification material.

**Timing:** Loading 7-21 days forward from date of publication.

**Volume:** For Caribbean naphtha, jet kerosene, and gasoil, these assessments typically reflect parcels of 200,000 to 300,000 barrels.

For Caribbean 2.0% fuel oil and 2.8% fuel oil, these assessments typically reflect parcels of 400,000 to 500,000 barrels.

**Quality:**

- **Naphtha:** Reforming grade, N+A of max 40%, Gravity of 66 API.
- **Jet Kerosene:** DEFSTAN 91-91, Sulfur of max 0.3%, Gravity of 38.9-51.0 API, Flash point of min 38° C, Freeze point of max minus 47° C.
- **Gasoil:** Cetane of min 40, Sulfur of max 0.2%, Gravity of max 30 API, Flash point of min 130° F.
- **Fuel Oil No 6 2.0%:** Sulfur of max 2.0%, Viscosity of 225-300 SSF, Gravity of 10-12 API.
- **Fuel Oil No 6 2.8%:** Sulfur of max 2.8%, Viscosity of 200-250 SSF, Gravity of 10-12 API.

Naphtha, jet kerosene and gasoil are assessed as cents/gal, and a conversion to $/mt is provided. Fuel oil is assessed on a $/barrel basis.

**LATIN AMERICA**

**Argentina**

**Gasoil:** Typically, Platts assesses Argentinean gasoil at a differential to its US Gulf Coast waterborne No. 2 heating oil assessment.

**Location:** Basis CIF Buenos Aires, taking into consideration only import transactions. However, exports will be normalized to a CIF basis in the absence of any relevant import information.

**Volume:** Minimum cargo size is 30,000 mt or about 215,000 barrels.

**Timing:** Loading 7-21 days forward from date of publication.

**Quality:** Cetane of min 45, Sulfur of max 0.5%.

**Fuel Oil:** Typically, Platts assesses Argentinean fuel oil at a differential to its US Atlantic Coast 1% sulfur fuel oil assessment.

**Location:** Basis FOB Buenos Aires. Only exports are considered.

**Volume:** Minimum cargo size 30,000 mt or about 190,000 barrels.

**Timing:** Loading 7-21 days forward from date of publication.

**Quality:** Sulfur of max 0.7%, Gravity of max 14 API, Viscosity of max 550 CST.

**Brazil**

**Fuel Oil:** Typically, Platts assesses Brazilian fuel oil at a differential to its US Atlantic Coast 1% sulfur fuel oil assessment.

**Location:** Basis FOB Statia or Bahamas, per Petrobras practices. Only exports are assessed.

**Volume:** Minimum of 50,000 barrels for barges and cargoes.

**Timing:** Loading 7-21 days forward from date of publication.

**Quality:** Sulfur of 0.5-0.6%, Gravity of max 17 API, Viscosity of 150-200 SSF.

**Ethanol:**

**Location:** Basis FOB Santos.

**Volume:** For cargoes, minimum of 50,000 barrels.

**Timing:** Loading 10-30 days forward from date of publication.

**Quality:** Anhydrous cargoes. Other grades of ethanol, such as hydrous, will be normalized to the Platts specification basis.

**Colombia**

**Fuel Oil:** Typically, Platts assesses Colombian fuel oil at a differential to its US Atlantic Coast 1% sulfur fuel oil assessment.

**Location:** Basis FOB Mamonal (Cartagena), or FOB Covenas, Colombia.

**Volume:** Minimum cargo size is 200,000 barrels. Only exports are considered.

**Timing:** Loading 7-21 days forward from date of publication.

**Quality:** Sulfur of max 1.6%, Gravity of max 6 API, Viscosity of max 300 SSF.
**RENEWABLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (RIN) ASSESSMENTS**

Platts launched Renewable Identification Number (RINs) assessments for ethanol for the prompt two calendar years on April 1, 2009, and biodiesel RIN assessments for the prompt two calendar years on May 3, 2010. On January 3, 2011, Platts launched RIN assessments for cellulosic biofuel and advanced biofuel for the prompt two calendar years.

A RIN is a number issued by the US Environmental Protection Agency, for the purpose of tracking renewable fuel usage throughout the supply chain; refiners, importers and blenders, called “obligated parties,” use them to show the EPA they have fulfilled their mandated government use of renewable fuels. If the obligated party has not used enough physical product, such as ethanol, it can satisfy the quota by purchasing RINs. For biodiesel, the RIN serves the same purpose, but is biodiesel specific.

The two calendar year assessments for ethanol RINs and biodiesel RINs will reflect the price per RIN and typical volume of 1 million RINs per trade. EPA calendar-year RINs expire two years forward on the last day of February. However, Platts will roll its first year generic RIN assessment to the next prompt year on the first business day of January. For example, Platts will roll its calendar year 2009 RINs assessment to calendar year 2010 and will add calendar year 2011 RINs on the first business day of January 2011.

On April 10, 2012, Platts published a subscriber note proposing to further clarify its methodology for RINs credit assessments. Platts proposed that these assessments reflect bids, offers and transactions for transfer of the RIN documentation from seller to buyer 5-10 days forward from date of publication. Platts ethanol RINs assessments (Category D6) currently reflect a minimum volume of 1,000,000 RINs.

Platts also proposed to add the following minimum volumes for its other RINs assessments: 250,000 RINs for biodiesel (Category D4), 100,000 for cellulosic biofuel (Category D3), and 100,000 for advanced biofuels (Category D5).

Platts also proposed to change the expiry of its prompt year RINs assessments from one year forward on the end of December two years forward on February 15. Under this proposed change, the last day for 2011 Platts RINs assessments would be February 15, 2013. Platts will also publish a current-year RINs assessments starting on the first business day of January. On January 2, 2013, Platts will publish RINs assessments for 2011, 2012, and 2013.

Platts will launch these methodology changes for RINs on May 1, 2012.

**WEEKLY JET FUEL ASSESSMENTS**

Platts publishes weekly jet fuel contract price assessments for Jet-A or DEFSTAN 91-91 (commercial) grade fuel, delivered to major airlines at listed major airports or delivery locations in the US. The assessments are typically adjusted based on spot assessments for jet in the applicable location (e.g., the Houston assessment is adjusted against USGC spot prices). The assessment does not apply to “Fixed base operators” servicing corporate jets, or to truck deliveries to specific operators or terminals. Typical contracts are 50,000-200,000 barrels month. Platts weekly jet fuel assessments are published every Friday in Platts Oilgram Price Report (OPR).
LUBES AND ASPHALT

Platts assesses base oils once a month, on the last business day of each month, for the following grades: SN100, SN500, and Bright Stock. The assessments are made for the following locations: US Gulf Coast, Europe (Northwest Europe), and Asia (Singapore). Lube assessments are priced in $/mt and based on market information throughout the month. Lube assessments are published in Platts Oilgram Price Report (OPR) on the first business day of each month.

Platts Asphalt Assessments

Platts assesses US spot asphalt once a month, on the last business day of each month, for the following locations: Arkansas, Colorado, Montana, California, Illinois, Georgia, Minneapolis/St. Paul, Ohio, Oklahoma/Kansas (wholesale), Oklahoma/Kansas (rack), MidAtlantic, Tampa, Texas, and Louisiana. Asphalt assessments are priced in $/tons at the rack (unless specified otherwise) and based on market talks/deals throughout the month. Asphalt assessments are published in Platts Oilgram Price Report (OPR) on the first business day of each month.

Platts Base Oil Lube Posted Prices

Platts publishes lube posted prices for the following companies (locations): Sunoco (Mid-Continent), Conoco (US Gulf), Citgo (US Gulf), Motiva (US Gulf), ExxonMobil (East Coast and Gulf Coast), and Chevron (West Coast). Postings are priced in cents/gal and can be found on Platts Global Alert page 277, 278, 279, and in Platts Oilgram Price Report (OPR). Posted prices are updated as soon as a company updates its posted prices, and are published at the beginning of each month in Platts Oilgram Price Report, even if there are no changes to company posted prices for the respective month.

BUNKER FUELS

Platts assesses six grades of marine fuel: Intermediate Fuel Oil (IFO) 380 centistokes (CST), IFO 380 CST 1%, IFO 180 CST, IFO 180 CST 1%, Marine Diesel (MDO) and Marine Gasoil (MGO). With effect from January 3, 2012, Platts fully reflected new bunker fuel specifications set out by the International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL) in global bunker fuel assessments. Under amendments to Annex VI of the convention, high sulfur bunker fuel supplied at major global bunkering locations from 2012 onwards must contain a maximum of 3.5% sulfur, down from the previous maximum sulfur content of 4.5%. The worldwide market generally follows similar specifications for these grades in all locations. The specifications followed are those defined by the International Organization for Standardization in document ISO 8217:2005 (E) - Petroleum products - Fuels (class F) - Specifications of marine fuels. New ISO standards issued in 2010 have not yet become commonly reflected in most bunker supplies around the world. Platts continues to review traded specifications.

On June 1, 2012, Platts launched low sulfur bunker fuel assessments for 180 CST and 380 CST bunker fuel for all assessed US and Canadian ports, reflecting bunker fuel containing a maximum of 1% sulfur. These new assessments were launched in advance of the US and Canada Emissions Control Area, which is scheduled to take effect on August 1, 2012.

IFO 380: Specifications generally conform with that for RMG 380. Approximate Kinematic Viscosity: At 50 C, max 380 cst. Flash point 60 C minimum. Pour point (upper) winter quality, 30 C maximum; summer quality, same. Ash 0.15 m/m maximum. Sulphur, maximum 3.5%. Vanadium max 300 mg/kg. Aluminium plus silicon, 80 mg/kg max; water, 0.5% maximum.

IFO 380 1%: Specifications generally conform with that for RMG 380. Approximate Kinematic Viscosity: At 50 C, max 380 cst. Flash point 60 C minimum. Pour point (upper) winter quality, 30 C maximum; summer quality, same. Ash 0.15 m/m maximum. Sulphur, maximum 1.0%. Vanadium max 300 mg/kg. Aluminium plus silicon, 80 mg/kg max; water, 0.5% maximum. Platts launched these assessments for all US and Canadian ports on June 1, 2012.

IFO 180: Specifications generally conform with that for RME 180. Approximate Kinematic Viscosity: At 50 C, max 180 cst. Flash point 60 C minimum. Pour point (upper) winter quality, 30 C maximum; summer quality, same. Ash 0.10 m/m maximum. Sulphur, maximum 3.5%. Vanadium max 200 mg/kg. Aluminium plus silicon, 80 mg/kg max; water, 0.5% maximum.

IFO 180 1%: Specifications generally conform with that for RME 180. Approximate Kinematic Viscosity: At 50 C, max 180 cst. Flash point 60 C minimum. Pour point (upper) winter quality, 30 C maximum; summer quality, same. Ash 0.10 m/m maximum. Sulphur, maximum 1.0%. Vanadium max 200 mg/kg. Aluminium plus silicon, 80 mg/kg max; water, 0.5% maximum. Platts launched these assessments for all US and Canadian ports on June 1, 2012.

Marine Diesel: Specifications generally conform with that for DMA. Kinematic viscosity at 40 C, max 11 cst. Flash point 60 C minimum; Pour point (upper) winter quality, 0 C; pour point upper summer quality, 6 C; Ash 0.01% maximum; Sulfur, maximum 2%; water, 0.3% maximum.

Marine Gasoil: Specifications generally conform with that for DMA. Kinematic Viscosity at 40 C, 1.5 minimum CST, maximum 6 cst; Flash point 60 C minimum; Pour point (upper) winter quality, - 6 C; pour point upper, summer quality, 0 C; Ash 0.01% maximum; Sulfur, maximum 1.5%; Cetane, minimum 40.

Assessment Timing: Platts’ assessment methodologies for Americas bunker fuel reflect prevailing market price at 3:15 pm Eastern Time. Platts also takes into its editorial consideration bids, offers and transactions seen during the assessment day. These inputs are analyzed and normalized to reflect Market on Close at 3:15 pm ET. Platts editors report bunker fuel trading activity throughout the day; all openly negotiated and verifiable arms-length transactions will be relevant for the assessment process unless they are superseded by repeatable trading activity leading to the MOC at 3:15 pm ET. Platts adopted this MOC approach for its Americas bunker fuel assessments on October 2, 2006.

Platts published the following subscriber note on September 18, 2006 announcing the October 2 MOC launch in Americas bunker fuel:

Subscriber note: Platts is modifying its assessment methodologies to reflect spot prices at the close of the market at 3:15 p.m. EDT for its Americas bunker fuel assessments effective October 2nd, 2006. The new methodology is commonly referred to as a market-on-close assessment process. Platts editors will continue to report bunker fuel trading activity throughout the day and all openly negotiated and verifiable arms-length transactions will be relevant for the assessment process unless they are superseded by repeatable trading activity leading to the 3:15 p.m. EDT market close.
Due to the time-sensitive nature of the Platts MOC assessment process, market participants should report the time a deal is consummated along with all other relevant deal information, including volume, estimated time of arrival (ETA), quality, and if the bunker fuel was sold in conjunction with 180 CST or marine diesel/gasoil.

**Timing:** Platts bunker assessments in the US reflect deliveries 3-7 days from the date of publication for the US Gulf Coast, the US Atlantic Coast, and Latin America. On the US West Coast, due to differences in market operations there, the range is 3-10 days.

**Price:** Prices are quoted in $/metric tonne. There is no maximum range, though generally prices are assessed with a $2 to $4/mt spread between low and high. Prices carry a minimum range of 50 cents/mt.

**Size:** Typical size ranges are as follows: New York and Houston, 500-2,000 mt; Los Angeles, San Francisco, 1,000-3,000 mt; Seattle, Portland, Philadelphia, 500-2,000 mt; Norfolk, 400-2,000 mt; Montreal, 300-500 mt; New Orleans, 200-1,500 mt; Panama, 500-2,000 mt. Typical size cargoes of IFO 380 1% and IFO 180 1% for all US and Canadian Ports, 100-500 mt. Platts reserves the right to consider other volumes depending on market conditions.

**California bunker taxes:** California has implemented particularly stiff taxes on bunker sales in that state. Those fees are not included in the Platts assessment.

**Delivered assessments:** Platts delivered bunker assessments are calculated by taking the ex-wharf price and adding a barge rate. That barge rate is determined by a regular survey of the market undertaken by Platts editors. This rate is one figure that is a rough average of the prevailing barge rates in a market. It is not an assessment for a specific-sized barge, but instead is the result of a compilation of several prevailing prices.

### THE PLATTS INDEX

The Platts Index gives a broad view of the state of the oil industry by putting markets for several different crudes and products on the same footing; a base period between July 1987 and December 1988, and a translation of that base period into the number 100.00. Prices for each index component were averaged for that period, and the result constitutes 100 in the Platts Index.

The index itself first appeared in July, 1990. Each day, Platts spot assessments are incorporated into a weighted formula based on consumption patterns for products, and supply patterns for crude. The result is a single number that can be used for quick comparisons of a product’s status, both over time and against other products or crudes. For example, the gasoil/heating-oil index is weighted 42% to Europe, including assessments from Northwest Europe and the Mediterranean, 43% to North America, including assessments from New York, Boston, and the US Gulf Coast; and 15% to the Pacific Rim, including assessments from Singapore and Japan.

The prices for the base period were averaged, resulting in a base price of approximately 46.5 cents/gal. That equates to 100 on the Platts Index. The ratio between each day’s new price and 46.5 cents will be applied to the 100.00 base, and the result is that day’s index.

### APPENDIX I CONTACT DETAILS FOR AMERICAS EDITORS

The list below gives key telephone and Instant Messaging contact points for Platts’ Americas products team effective September 30, 2008. Please note that all telephone numbers and Yahoo IDs are subject to change.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Phone number</th>
<th>Yahoo address</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Editorial Director, US</td>
<td>1 713 658 3292</td>
<td>platts_esa</td>
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<tr>
<td>USAC Gasoline</td>
<td>1 212 904 3200</td>
<td>plattsusacgasoline</td>
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<tr>
<td>USAC Distillates</td>
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<td>plattsmidwestproducts</td>
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APPENDIX II COMMON AMERICAS OIL PRODUCT ACRONYMS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Definition</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Al+Si</td>
<td>Aluminum &amp; Silicon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>API</td>
<td>American Petroleum Institute (unit of gravity)</td>
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<tr>
<td>ASTM</td>
<td>American Society for Testing and Materials</td>
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<tr>
<td>AZBOB</td>
<td>Arizona Reformulated Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending</td>
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<td>BS+W</td>
<td>Basic Sediments &amp; Water</td>
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<td>Clean Burning Gasoline</td>
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<td>CBOB</td>
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<td>Conradson Carbon Residue</td>
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<td>IC4</td>
<td>Iso-butane</td>
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<td>IFO</td>
<td>Industrial Fuel Oil</td>
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<td>LAX</td>
<td>Los Angeles International Airport</td>
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<td>LP</td>
<td>Low Pour</td>
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<td>LPG</td>
<td>Liquefied Petroleum Gas</td>
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<td>Low Sulfur Diesel</td>
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<td>Conventional Gasoline on the Colonial Pipeline</td>
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<td>Naphthenes &amp; Aromatics</td>
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<td>New York Mercantile Exchange</td>
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<td>Over The Counter</td>
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<td>PBOB</td>
<td>Premium Reformulated Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending</td>
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<td>Parts Per Million</td>
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<td>PREM</td>
<td>Premium</td>
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<td>PSI</td>
<td>Pounds per Square Inch (pressure)</td>
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<td>RBOB</td>
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<td>RFG</td>
<td>Reformulated Gasoline</td>
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<td>R+M/2</td>
<td>RON and MON values averaged</td>
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<tr>
<td>SSU</td>
<td>Saybolt Universal Seconds (viscosity)</td>
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<tr>
<td>T50</td>
<td>Temperature at which 50% of gasoline evaporates</td>
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<tr>
<td>TET</td>
<td>Texas Eastern Transmission (pipeline)</td>
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<td>ULSD</td>
<td>Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel</td>
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<td>UNL</td>
<td>Unleaded</td>
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<tr>
<td>VGO</td>
<td>Vacuum Gas Oil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visc.</td>
<td>Viscosity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC</td>
<td>Volatile Organic Compound</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WTI</td>
<td>West Texas Intermediate (crude oil)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

APPENDIX III PLATTS ASSESSMENT PARAMETERS AND NORMALIZATION

**Loading/Delivery timing**

Platts’ cargo assessments consider bids/offers and transactions for delivery 5 to 13 days (USGC fuel oil) and 10 to 25 days (USAC fuel oil). For example, on March 1 Platts’ cargo assessments would reflect cargoes for delivery between March 5 and March 13 (USGC fuel oil) and March 11 to March 26 (USAC fuel oil), respectively.

Platts’ barge assessments consider bids, offers and transactions for delivery 5 to 13 days (USGC fuel oil) from the day of publication. For example on March 1, Platts’ barge assessments would reflect barges loading between March 5 and March 13 (USGC fuel oil).

Typically, Platts will take into consideration bids and offers made in 5-day or 3-day delivery windows, inclusive of the first and fifth day. For instance on March 1, Platts would consider bids and offers made starting with March 6-10 and ending with March 17-21 (USGC fuel oil).

Please note that a bid/offer made for March 15-20 actually has a six-day window. A fully representative bid or offer would need to be March 15-19 or March 16-20.

Platts bunker fuel assessments consider bids, offers and transactions for delivery 3 to 7 days (US bunker fuel) and 3 to 10 days (US West coast bunker fuel) from the day of publication.

Platts US NGL assessments consider bids, offers and transactions with a minimum of 3 days (NGLs) from the day of publication for a specified contract month.

**Time Gradient**

Platts is very methodical in following timings for loading or delivery due to the variability in market values across time. This variability increases as the backwardation or contango in the markets increases. The time structure is a very important factor in Platts methodologies.

It is not uncommon in times of tight supply for the backwardation to be over $15.00/mt per month or roughly the equivalent of $0.50/mt per day. This means that cargoes loading one week apart can vary in price by close to $3.50/mt, or possibly more, depending on the steepness of the price curve.
Market conditions have also resulted in extreme market contango and backwardation. Thus it is extremely important for Platts to follow pricing windows very systematically.

Platts factors in the backwardation/contango and reflects its impact on the published assessment. The assessment reflects the value of the commodity normalized to the center of the loading/delivery window. In a contango market, the excess of prompt barrels causes the front end to be significantly cheaper than barrels available at the end of the window. In a backwardated market the tightness of supply causes the prompter barrels to be at a higher price than barrels available at the end of the window.

Platts’ methodology eliminates any arbitrary movement in assessments caused simply by the different loading/delivery ranges traded. By normalizing prices to the mid-point of a clearly defined date range, the consistancy of prices is maintained.

The day-to-day changes in the price assessments therefore reflect an actual price move in the value of the commodity, rather than an artificial change because a cargo happens to be loading/delivering in the front end of the window rather than the back end, or vice versa. The date ranges reflected by Platts reflect the prevailing trading practices in the Americas.

**Determination of backwardation or contango**

Platts’ assessments determine market value and therefore consider backwardation and contango. Where indications are on differing date ranges, a calculation is made to determine the value the market is assigning for the difference between loading dates. In calculating this time gradient, the prices of tradable instruments such as futures and swaps may be used.

Typical calculations include a determination made for the difference in price for a month, and a daily value is then assigned for each day.

**Inclusivity of assessment process**

The three main factors used in Americas products markets for price determination are:

- Fixed price
- Premium/discount (differentials to forward value/futures)
- Paper/Swaps

**Fixed price**

The ultimate question in the mind of an end-user, producer, refiner, trader or broker is PRICE. Price in turn determines expense, refining margin, profit, loss, etc. The spot market trades actively on a fixed price basis and a floating price basis. Platts takes both into account in its assessments. PGA pages 400/997/468 display trading activity on both a fixed and a floating basis.

**Premiums/discount**

Many transactions are carried out in relation to a benchmark. In this case a differential, also known as premium/discount is generated. Premiums/discounts arise if the quality, volumes or loading times differ from the benchmark. In addition, floating price transactions are done in relation to assessments that will be published in the future.

Premiums will usually rise in those times when the market is backwardated, and the steeper the curve, the greater the premium. In a contango situation, premiums will have a tendency to turn into discounts. PGA page 400/997/468 displays trading activity on both a fixed and a floating basis.

**Paper/Swaps**

Paper/swaps are another major determinant in price. Swaps trade freely in an over-the-counter (OTC) market and can trade at any time. Paper markets are very reactive and provide players with an instant feedback of market conditions. Swaps react to arbitrage conditions or movements in overseas markets as well as local conditions.

Swaps or paper are risk-management tools. Swaps allow principals to lock prices because swaps enable them to transform floating prices to fixed or fixed to floating. Swaps are also used as a speculative tool. Swap market values and indications are carried in real-time on PGA page 400 (and on PGA page 997 and 468 for bunker fuel and NGL swaps, respectively).

**The spot market**

These three factors - fixed price, premiums and paper/futures - converge in a spot price. Platts may use all three in its assessments.

For instance, if a physical fuel cargo trades at $46/bbl for a 45,000 barrel parcel loading 7-11 days forward, this commodity’s spot level is obviously around $46/bbl.

In the absence of fixed prices, swaps and prevailing premiums/discounts may be used in the assessments.

If a fuel oil cargo loading in March trades at a premium of $2.00/bbl over Platts quotations in March, then Platts would need to determine the value of the relevant swaps and add the $2.00 to obtain the fixed price equivalent in March.

**Law**

Contracts using US law are considered standard in the assessment process. But principals may mutually agree to use another standard such as English law.

**Embargoed products**

Laws stating that nationals from specific countries may not buy products from embargoed countries may prevent market participants from lawfully executing transactions. A seller therefore may not assume that a buyer has the obligation to buy embargoed materials.
Force majeure

Force majeure is part of trading and may be invoked under very special circumstances. Platts editors will monitor the application of it to ensure that force majeure is not invoked frivolously.

Specifications

Platts assessments reflect typically traded qualities of products. Please turn to page 2 of this document for comprehensive specifications by market segment and product.

Testing of products

Products traded are subject to standard testing techniques to determine contractual performance. Platts typically follows the standards already in place in the trading market, although it may monitor these to ensure that the standards are adequate.

Implied guarantees in specifications

Bids and offers submitted to Platts that include numerical specifications will be assumed to have a series of zeroes to the right of the decimal point or to the right of the last digit to the right of the decimal point.

As an example, a fuel oil cargo with a maximum guarantee of 0.1 Shell Hot Filtration will be considered as 0.1000 etc. If the specification guarantees are otherwise, the buyer or seller should specify it clearly to avoid potential disputes.

Merchantability

Platts only considers in its assessments products that are merchantable. Hence, buyers may assume that offers or transactions are for a product that is merchantable. Sellers must ensure their offers or transactions are for merchantable products.

Shipping considerations

Bids: Bids may be expressed with a specific location. Bids with excessive limitations – whether expressed or implied – may be deemed atypical and not considered for assessment purposes.

The name of the buyer and the location chosen set the conditions for any potential counterparty considering trading. The implied set conditions for a CIF bid include:

Up front conditions: Conditions to be met

Name of the buyer: Ship must meet vetting conditions of buyer

Volume: Volume delivered must match volume requested +/- normal tolerances

Port: Ship must meet physical limitations of port, e.g., draft, beam, etc. Ship must also meet conditions set by country of destination.

Offers: Offers may be made into a specific location or to meet a broad area. CIF offers may be made with a named or unnamed ship.

Up front conditions: Conditions to be met

Name of Ship: Buyer to determine if ship is acceptable to its vetting department

Unnamed ship: Seller has the responsibility to declare its commitment to meet either the vetting requirement of any buyer or conversely to declare up front how many ship vettings the seller is confident the ship will meet.

Platts will also monitor vetting to ensure that ships are not rejected because of commercial considerations but only because of internal and consistently applied company standards.

CIF transactions

A CIF buyer has the right to request a deviation of the ship to another port, provided the shipper has granted or has the ability to grant the deviation to the charterer. Any incremental expenses associated with the deviation are borne by the buyer as he/she is initiating the request for the deviation. Charges incurred because of the deviation must be transparent and be granted at cost and in line with normal market practices. Platts will monitor such charges if they result in anomalies.

Location

Platts publishes assessments for several locations on a FOB and CIF basis. The location parameters for each assessment are published in Platts Guide to Specifications which is available at www.platts.com.

Freight normalization

Transactions occurring at other loading/delivery points than specified in the corresponding guide to specifications are typically normalized on an incremental freight differential basis.
Following is a listing of key Subscriber notes and Clarification notes issued by Platts in 2008 and 2009:

10-Jan-08 Chicago 87-octane unleaded, 93-octane premium, PBOB and RBOB RVP schedule for 2007 is as follows: February 15 13.5, March 5 11.5, March 15 9.0, September 25 11.5, October 15 13.5, and December 5 15.0. Group 3 87-octane unleaded (N-grade) and Premium (A-grade) gasoline RVP change schedule for 2007 is as follows (N-grade & A-grade): January 1-15 15.0 & 13.5, January 16-31 13.5 & 11.5, February 1-15 13.5 & 10.0, February 16-29 11.5 & 10.0, March 1-31 8.5 & 8.5, May 1-31 9.0 & 9.0, September 16-30 10.0 & 10.0, October 1-31 11.5 & 11.5, November 1-30 13.5 & 13.5., and December 1-31 15.0 & 15.0. Please send enquiries or comments to Xavier_Cronin@platts.com or Asif_Ali@platts.com.

16-Jan-08 Effective Wednesday, January 23, 2008, Platts gasoline assessments for Los Angeles and San Francisco will reflect seasonal RVP adjustments, as per Kinder Morgan pipe line specifications. Conventional and premium gasoline in San Francisco will reflect an RVP of 15.0. CARBOB and premium CARBOB in San Francisco will reflect an RVP of 12.5. CARBOB and premium CARBOB in Los Angeles will reflect an RVP of 9.9. For questions or comments, please contact Matthew Cook at matthew_cook@platts.com or David Ruisard at david_ruisard@platts.com.

25-Jan-08 Platts is seeking comment on a proposal to suspend its 1.5%S Ecuadorian fuel oil assessment. Platts is considering eliminating this assessment due to a lack of liquidity. Platts will be accepting feedback on this proposal until February 29, 2008. For comments and suggestions, please contact Platts Latin American Products Editor Robert Mayer at 713-658-3209, robert_mayer@platts.com; Houston Light Ends Team Leader David Ruisard at 713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com or Americas Oil Director Esa Ramasamy at 403-697-8259, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, copy methodologyissues@platts.com.

31-Jan-08 Platts is seeking comment on a proposal to change the underlying basis used for its Caribbean naphtha assessment. Caribbean naphtha is currently assessed as an outright price, using cash differentials that are traded against the Platts US Gulf Coast 40 N-A cargo Naphtha posting. Platts would like to start assessing the outright price versus the US Gulf Coast Waterborne Conventional Unleaded 87 Octane Gasoline assessment. Platts will be accepting feedback on this proposal until February 29, 2008. For comments and suggestions, please contact Platts Latin American Products Editor Robert Mayer at 713-658-3209, robert_mayer@platts.com; Houston Light Ends Team Leader David Ruisard at 713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com or Americas Oil Director Esa Ramasamy at 403-697-8259, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, copy methodologyissues@platts.com.

12-Feb-08 Effective Thursday, February 21, 2008, Platts gasoline assessments for Los Angeles and San Francisco will reflect seasonal RVP adjustments, as per Kinder Morgan pipe line specifications. Conventional and premium gasoline in San Francisco will reflect an RVP of 13.5 CARBOB and premium CARBOB in San Francisco will reflect an RVP of 5.99. Conventional and premium gasoline in Los Angeles will reflect an RVP of 9.0. For questions or comments, please contact Matthew Cook at matthew_cook@platts.com or David Ruisard at david_ruisard@platts.com.

12-Feb-08 Effective Thursday, February 21, 2008, Platts Phoenix assessments will reflect Cleaner Burning Gasoline specifications, with an RVP of 8.0, per Kinder Morgan pipeline requirements. Additionally, effective March 15, 2008, Platts will suspend Las Vegas RBOB assessments, as per seasonal fuel requirements. Las Vegas RBOB assessments will resume in the fall. For questions or comments, please contact Matthew Cook at matthew_cook@platts.com or David Ruisard at david_ruisard@platts.com.

13-Feb-08 Platts is planning to introduce a new assessment for conventional gasoline to be blended with 10% ethanol, commonly known as CBOB, on March 10. CBOB or conventional gasoline blendstock for oxygen blending will be assessed FOB New York harbor to a barge only and a delivered cargo basis New York harbor. The barge assessment will include liftings of 25,000 to 75,000 barrels, while the cargo assessment will include shipments of 150,000 barrels and above. Platts will look to add a pipeline assessment in the New York Harbor market if it is deemed appropriate. The specification will conform to industry standards for conventional regular gasoline blendstock for oxygen blending (CBOB) with 84 octane ready for 10% denatured fuel ethanol. The assessment will consider 8 RVP material for CBOB to conform to the conventional regulations of a maximum of 9 RVP during the summer months. The RVP changes will mirror the regular conventional assessment as we move through seasonal changes. Please send your feedback to Asif Ali, asif_alil@platts.com with a cc to Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com and methodologyissues@platts.com.

14-Feb-08 Platts US Gulf Coast conventional unleaded, premium 93, Atlanta 93 and premium RBOB 91.4 gasoline assessments will begin reflecting 11.5 RVP beginning with the 14th Colonial Pipeline shipping cycle (on or about February 22). Platts US Gulf Coast conventional unleaded, premium 93, Atlanta 93 and premium RBOB 91.4 gasoline assessments will begin reflecting 9.0 RVP beginning with the 15th Colonial Pipeline shipping cycle (on or about February 28). In addition, Platts Atlanta 87 and RBOB 83.7 assessments will reflect 11.5 RVP beginning with the 15th cycle. Platts US Gulf Coast RBOB 83.7 assessments will begin...
14-Feb-08 Platts is planning to introduce a new assessment for conventional gasoline to be blended with 10% ethanol, commonly known as CBOB, on March 17. CBOB, or conventional gasoline blendstock for oxygen blending, will be assessed FOB New York Harbor to a barge only and a delivered cargo basis New York Harbor. The barge assessment will include liftings of 25,000 to 75,000 barrels, while the cargo assessment will include shipments of 150,000 barrels and above. The specification will conform to industry standards for CBOB with 84 octane ready for 10% denatured fuel ethanol. The assessment will consider 8 RVP material for CBOB to conform to the conventional regulations of a maximum of 9 RVP during the summer months. The RVP changes will mirror the regular conventional assessment as we move through seasonal changes. Please send feedback to Asif Ali, asif.ali@platts.com, and cc Es Ramasamy, esa.ramasamy@platts.com, and methodologyissues@platts.com.

22-March-07 Platts will be launching a new assessment for conventional gasoline to be blended with 10% denatured ethanol, commonly known as CBOB, on April 1. CBOB will be assessed on a FOB NY harbor barge and cargoes delivered into New York harbor. The barge assessment will include liftings of 25,000 to 75,000 barrels, while the cargo assessment will include shipments of 150,000 barrels and above. Platts will look to add a Buckeye pipeline assessment if it is deemed appropriate. The specification will conform to industry standards for CBOB with 83.5 octane, 7.8 RVP and with a T50 to meet conventional gasoline specifications after blending with 10% denatured ethanol. Please send your feedback to Asif Ali, asif.ali@platts.com with a CC to Es Ramasamy, esa.ramasamy@platts.com and methodologyissues@platts.com.}

14-Mar-08 Effective February 27, 2008, The US Atlantic Coast barge and cargo, Buckeye pipeline and Laurel pipeline 87, 89, 93 octane assessments will reflect 13.5 RVP F4 conventional gasoline and 13.5 RVP F4 RBOB gasoline. Please send any comments to Asif Ali, asif.ali@platts.com with a CC to Es Ramasamy, esa.ramasamy@platts.com, and methodologyissues@platts.com.

26-Mar-08 Effective March 10, 2008, The US Atlantic Coast Buckeye pipeline 93 octane assessments will reflect 9.0 RVP as Buckeye moves to lower RVP. Effective March 3, 2008, the Laurel pipeline 93 octane assessments will reflect 9.0 RVP as Laurel pipeline moves to lower RVP. Effective March 24, 2008, The US Atlantic Coast Buckeye pipeline 87 octane assessment will reflect 9.0 RVP. Effective March 21, 2008, The Laurel pipeline 87 octane assessment will reflect 9.0 RVP. Please send your feedback to Asif Ali, asif.ali@platts.com with a CC to Es Ramasamy, esa.ramasamy@platts.com.

28-Feb-08 Platts suspended Las Vegas RBOB assessments effective February 21, 2008, as per seasonal fuel requirements. Las Vegas RBOB assessments will resume in the fall. For questions or comments, please contact Matthew Cook at matthew.cook@platts.com or David Ruisard at david_ruisard@platts.com.
Platts is considering adding the following clause to its US Gulf Coast residual fuel oil assessments for 1%S, 3%S and 3.5%S to better align with typical market practices: Product shall not contain petrochemical wastes, residues, spent chemicals, tar bottoms, or hazardous waste. This implementation is to take place on April 15, 2008. Please send all comments to Suzanne Evans, (713) 658-3237, suzanne_evans@platts.com, and methodology_issues@platts.com.
Atlanta 87 will reflect the 6.8 RVP beginning with the 23rd Colonial Pipeline shipping cycle on or about April 10, 2008. For questions or comments, please contact Michael Easterbrook at 713-658-3245 or Michael_Easterbrook@platts.com, or David Ruisard at 713-658-3224 or David_Ruisard@platts.com.

11-Apr-08 Platts is adding the following clause to its US Gulf Coast residual fuel oil assessment specification: 14%S, 3%S and 3.5%S to better align with standard market practices: Product shall not contain petrochemical wastes, residues from acid-catalyzed refining process, spent chemicals, waste lubricants, tar bottoms or hazardous waste. This implementation is to take place on April 15, 2008. Please send all comments to Suzanne Evans, (713) 658-3237, suzanne_evans@platts.com, and methodology_issues@platts.com.

14-Apr-08 Platts will launch a new assessment for Premium CBOB, which is conventional premium gasoline to be blended with 10% denatured ethanol, beginning April 21, 2008. Premium CBOB will be assessed FOB New York harbor barge basis and a delivered New York harbor cargo basis. The barge assessment will be based on 25,000 to 75,000 barrels parcel size, while the cargo assessment will take into account shipments of 150,000 barrels and above. The specification will conform to industry standards for Premium CBOB with 91 octane, 7.8 RVP and with a T50 to meet conventional gasoline specifications after blending with 10% denatured ethanol. Please comments to Asif Ali, asif.ali@platts.com with a cc to Esa Ramasamy, esa.ramasamy@platts.com and methodology_issues@platts.com.

16-Apr-08 Effective April 18, 2008, Platts gasoline assessments in San Francisco will reflect seasonal a seasonal RVP of 7.8, per Kinder Morgan pipeline specifications. Additionally, gasoline assessments for Phoenix will reflect a seasonal RVP of 7.0, also per Kinder Morgan specifications. For questions or comments, please contact Matthew Cook at matthew.cook@platts.com or David Ruisard at david_ruisard@platts.com.

22-Apr-08 Platts is seeking comments on including additional specifications to its existing US vacuum gasoil assessment specification basis. For VGO with less than 0.5% sulfur and 1.0% sulfur, Platts is considering adding the following specifications: 180°F aniline, 1500 ppm nitrogen max, 1 ppm nickel/vanadium/copper, 2 ppm sodium, 3 ppm max iron and 0.5% max CCR. For VGO with 2% sulfur or more, Platts is considering adding the following specifications: 155°F aniline, 1,500 ppm nitrogen, 1.5 ppm nickel/vanadium/copper, 3 ppm iron, 3 ppm sodium and 2.5% CCR. Please send all comments to Robert Sharp at robert.sharp@platts.com or Suzanne Evans at suzanne.evans@platts.com.

2-May-08 Beginning June 2, 2008, Platts will launch assessments for two Colonial Pipeline conventional blendstock for oxygenate blending (CBOB) gasoline grades. The two products, which Colonial Pipeline has labeled S and T grades, are slated for the Atlanta, Georgia, and Birmingham, Alabama, markets. Platts will assess traded volumes of a minimum 25,000 barrels. Both grades will adhere to Colonial Pipeline specifications, but must contain a sulfur content of no more than 30 ppm in keeping with the industry standard. The S grade will have an 87-octane rating after blending with 10% denatured ethanol, while the T grade will have a 93-octane rating after ethanol blending. Please send feedback to Michael Easterbrook at michael.easterbrook@platts.com, David Ruisard at david.ruisard@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy at esa.ramasamy@platts.com.

5-May-08 Platts is seeking comments regarding the creation of a spot ethanol assessment in Florida market. The proposed assessment could be either delivered or FOB, in either Tampa or Port Everglades, or both, with a volume of 10,000 barrels up to 100,000 barrels. Please send comments by May 31, 2008 to Robert Sharp, (713) 658-3215, Robert.Sharp@platts.com, and to Suzanne Evans, (713) 658-3237, suzanne.evans@platts.com.

5-May-08 Platts is seeking comments regarding adding a hydrous ethanol assessment in Brazil. The current Brazilian ethanol assessment is anhydrous; the added assessment would include ethanol with up to 5% water content. Besides a water content specification, the specification basis for hydrous ethanol would otherwise be identical to the current assessment, for 100,000 barrels FOB Santos, 10-30 days ahead of publication date. Please send comments by May 31, 2008 to Robert Sharp, (713) 658-3215, Robert.Sharp@platts.com, and to Suzanne Evans, (713) 658-3237, suzanne.evans@platts.com.

5-May-08 Platts is seeking comments regarding the timing standardization for waterborne barge deliveries in the US Gulf Coast feedstocks and blendstocks markets. This would bring these assessments in line with current market practices. The timing window would make all barge timing 5-15 days forward from date of publication; it would affect naptha and heavy naphtha barges, alkylate, reformatte, raffinate, VGO, and Houston ethanol. Please send comments by May 31 to Robert Sharp, (713) 658-3215, Robert.Sharp@platts.com, and to Suzanne Evans, (713) 658-3237, suzanne.evans@platts.com.

6-May-08 Platts is seeking comments regarding its proposal to eliminate its MTBE assessment for the US Atlantic Coast. MTBE is no longer used or produced on the USAC. As a result, there is a complete lack of liquidity. Please send comments by May 31 to Robert Sharp, (713) 658-3215, Robert.Sharp@platts.com, and to Suzanne Evans, (713) 658-3237, suzanne.evans@platts.com.

15-May-08 Platts is inviting feedback on a proposal to change its US Gulf Coast 3.5%S fuel oil assessment to a RMG-35 (380 CST) bunker fuel basis. The specification basis for the 380 CST assessment would be as follows: 4.5%S maximum, 11.2 minimum API, 380 CST maximum at
12-Jun-08 Platts is seeking feedback on a proposal to modify its US Gulf Coast waterborne gasoline and distillate assessments. The existing US Gulf Coast waterborne assessments reflect the FOB Houston-area market. Platts proposes extending the geographic area to a FOB US Gulf Coast basis, which would extend from Corpus Christi, Texas, to Lake Charles, Louisiana. Under the proposed methodology, bids on the Platts US Gulf Coast gasoline or distillates markets would seek to lift barrels from one of these four ports: Corpus Christi, Houston, Port Arthur, and Lake Charles. Similarly, an offer would stem from one of these four ports. Platts will accept comments and suggestions on this proposal until July 1, 2008. Please contact David Ruisard, Houston Light Ends Team Leader and USGC Distillate Editor, at david_ruisard@platts.com, or Michael Easterbrook, USGC Gasoline Editor, at michael_easterbrook@platts.com, for all comments and suggestions.

20-Jun-08 Platts will not publish Americas petroleum assessments on Friday, November 28, 2008. It also will not publish any assessments worldwide on Friday, December 26, 2008. Platts will not assess daily US aromatics, olefins and polymer markets on Friday, November 28, 2008. These dates — the day after Thanksgiving and the day after Christmas, respectively — had been left undetermined when Platts published its 2008 holiday schedule. However, Platts will publish a full slate of global assessments on Friday, January 2, 2009. Platts policy for this date also had been indeterminate. Platts did publish Americas assessments last year on the day after Thanksgiving, and will review market feedback in determining its policy for the day after Thanksgiving 2009 and beyond, as well as other occurrences of Mondays or Fridays before or after holidays, such as Christmas or US Independence Day. For further questions or comments, please contact Platts at support@platts.com, John Kingston at john_kingston@platts.com or Jorge Montepueque at jorge_montepueque@platts.com.

24-Jun-08 Platts is seeking comments on a proposal to lower the volume specification for its US Gulf Coast MTBE assessment. Currently, the minimum volume for the assessment is 25,000 barrels. Industry participants have proposed that Platts change the volume specification from 25,000 barrels to 10,000 or perhaps 5,000 barrels. Please send comments by July 15 to Robert Sharp at (713)658-3215, Robert.Sharp@platts.com and esa_ramasamy@platts.com.

26-Jun-08 Beginning August 1, Platts’ FOB New York ethanol assessment will reflect a minimum of 10,000 barrels and a maximum of 25,000 barrels. All other specifications to this assessment remain unchanged. Please send comments/inquiries to robert_sharp@platts.com and c.c. to esa_ramasamy@platts.com.

27-Jun-08 Platts is seeking feedback on a proposal to modify its US Gulf Coast waterborne gasoline and distillate assessments. The existing US Gulf Coast waterborne assessments reflect the FOB Houston-area market. Platts proposes extending the geographic area to a FOB US Gulf Coast basis, which would extend from Corpus Christi, Texas, to Lake Charles, Louisiana. Under the proposed methodology, bids on the Platts US Gulf Coast gasoline or distillates markets would seek to lift barrels from one of these four ports: Corpus Christi, Houston, Port Arthur and Lake Charles. Similarly, an offer would stem from one of these four ports.

11-Jun-08 Platts is seeking feedback on the following proposed modification of its US Gulf Coast gasoline and distillate waterborne assessments: Currently, these markets are assessed on an FOB Houston-area basis. Platts proposes extending the geographic area to an FOB US Gulf Coast basis. Under an FOB US Gulf Coast basis, market information from the following Texas locations: Corpus Christi, the Houston-area, and Beaumont/Port Arthur and the Lake Charles, Louisiana, region will be deemed representative of the FOB US Gulf Coast waterborne market. Platts will accept comments and suggestions on this proposal until July 1, 2008. Please contact David Ruisard, Houston Light Ends Team Leader and USGC Distillate Editor, 713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com or Michael Easterbrook, USGC Gasoline Editor, michael_easterbrook@platts.com, 713-658-3245 with all comments and suggestions.

11-Jun-08 Effective June 12, 2008, Platts will request that participants in the Platts Markit Close assessment process confirm done deals with Platts before the participant is permitted to re-offer or re-bid. The confirmation that the parties intend to fully perform on the expressed trading interest should be delivered to Platts within one minute of the buy/sell interest being published. This modification of the MOC assessment process is applicable to all North and South America crude, products and liquid petroleum gas markets. For questions or comments, please contact Esa Ramasamy, Director of Americas Oil, 403-697-8259 or esa_ramasamy@platts.com.

16-May-08 Beginning June 9, 2008, Platts will launch assessments for two Colonial Pipeline CBOB gasoline grades. The two products, which Colonial Pipeline has labelled S and T grades, are slated for the Atlanta, Georgia, and Birmingham, Alabama, markets. Platts will assess traded volumes of a minimum 25,000 barrels. Both grades will adhere to Colonial Pipeline specifications, but must contain a sulfur content of no more than 30 ppm in keeping with the industry standard. The S grade will have an 87-octane rating after blending with 10% denatured ethanol, while the T grade will have a 93-octane rating after ethanol blending. Please send feedback to Michael Easterbrook at michael_easterbrook@platts.com, David Ruisard at david_ruisard@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy at esa_ramasamy@platts.com.

20-May-08 Platts is inviting feedback on a proposal to change its US Gulf Coast 3.5%S fuel oil assessment to a RMG-35 (380 CST) bunker fuel basis. The specification basis for the 380 CST assessment would be as follows: 4.5%S maximum, 11.2 max API, 380 CST maximum at 50 degrees Celsius, 80 max al-si, 300 max vanadium, 18 max CCR, 60 degrees Celsius minimum flash point, 0.15 ppm ash, 0.5% maximum water. The deadline for comments is June 30, 2008. Please send all comments to Suzanne Evans, (713) 658-3237, suzanne_evans@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy, (403) 697-8259, esa_ramasamy@platts.com.

50 degrees Celsius, 80 maximum al-si, 300 maximum vanadium, 18 maximum CCR, 60 degrees Celsius minimum flash point, 0.15 ppm ash and 0.5% maximum water. The deadline for comments is June 30. Please send all comments to Suzanne Evans, (713) 658-3237, suzanne_evans@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy, (403) 697-8259, esa_ramasamy@platts.com.
Platts will accept comments and suggestions on this proposal until July 1, 2008. Please contact David Ruisard, Houston Light Ends Team Leader and USGC Distillate Editor, at david_ruisard@platts.com, or Michael Easterbrook, USGC Gasoline Editor, at michael_easterbrook@platts.com, for all comments and suggestions.

1-Jul-08 Platts is planning to assess the on-road and off-road low sulfur diesel markets in Chicago and Group 3 as a netback from the US Gulf Coast assessment in the absence of any market activity. This netback would involve the addition of Explorer pipeline tariffs to the US Gulf Coast on-road and off-road low sulfur diesel assessments to arrive at the Chicago assessments. The Group 3 assessments for on-road and off-road low sulfur diesel would involve the addition of the Magellan pipeline tariffs to the US Gulf Coast assessments. Trades done for these products, meeting Platts methodology, would be considered for assessment purposes. Please send all comments/inquiry to Asif Ali, asifAli@platts.com, gary_raynaldo@platts.com with a cc to Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com.

7-Jul-08 Platts routinely, and as part of standard editorial practice, reviews bids and offers during the Platts Market on close assessment process. Additionally, Platts is proposing a standard volume of 300,000 barrels +/- 10% with standard CP differentials being the norm. Please send all comments/inquiry to Asif Ali, asifAli@platts.com, xavier_cronin@platts.com with a cc to Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com.

1-Jul-08 Platts is planning to assess gasoline and distillate cargoes for delivery into New York 10 to 25 days from the date of publication instead of the current 5 to 15 days. This change will enable Platts to better reflect market activities. A laycan of 5 days would remain the standard for bids and offers during the Platts Market on close assessment process. Additionally, Platts is proposing standard volume of 300,000 barrels +/- 10% with standard CP differentials being the norm. Please send all comments/inquiry to Asif Ali, asifAli@platts.com, gary_raynaldo@platts.com with a cc to Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com.

30-Jul-08 Effective August 4, 2008, Platts LPG assessments in the US will be inclusive of the brokerage commission. In the past, some bids and offers submitted via brokers were deemed to carry at 0.1 cent/gal commission premium. This premium was subtracted by Platts while crafting its LPG assessments. From August 4 2008 onward, Platts will no longer subtract the 0.1 cent/gal commission premium. All bids and offers submitted will be deemed to be the absolute price for that commodity. For instance, an offer at 275.85 cents/gal for natural gasoline will no longer be considered at 275.75 cents/gal offer by Platts. For questions and/or comments, contact David Ruisard, Houston Light Ends Team Leader at 731-658-3224 or david_ruisard@platts.com or Esa Ramasamy, Director of Americas Oil at 713-658-3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com.

7-Aug-08 Effective August 7, 2008, buyers of US Gulf Coast fuel oil during the Platts assessment process must declare their volumes and tolerance (plus or minus 5%) no less than 48 hours before the first day of the 3-day laycan. Any changes to the nominated volume after the 48 hours will need to be mutually agreed between buyer and seller. For questions and comments, contact Suzanne Evans, suzanne_evans@platts.com and Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com.

11-Aug-08 Platts US Gulf Coast 83.7-octane RBOB and 91.4-octane Premium RBOB will begin reflecting the 11.5 RVP on the 49th Colonial Pipeline scheduling cycle on or about August 20, 2008. Platts 87-octane Atlanta, 93-octane Atlanta, 87-octane CBOB, and 93-octane CBOB will begin reflecting the 11.5 RVP beginning with the 50th Colonial Pipeline scheduling cycle on or about August 26, 2008. Platts 87-octane conventional unloaded and 93-octane premium unloaded will begin reflecting the 11.5 RVP beginning with the 51st Colonial Pipeline scheduling cycle on or about August 29, 2008. For questions or comments, contact Michael Easterbrook at 713-658-3245 (Michael_Easterbrook@platts.com) or David Ruisard at 713-658-3224 (David_Ruisard@platts.com).

19-Aug-08 Effective Tuesday, September 2, 2008, Platts gasoline assessments for Los Angeles will reflect seasonal RVP adjustments, as per Kinder Morgan pipeline specifications. Conventional and premium gasoline in Los Angeles will reflect an RVP of 8.0. For questions or comments, please contact Lisa Street at lisa_street@platts.com or David Ruisard at david_ruisard@platts.com.

22-Aug-08 Beginning September 1 2008, Platts will publish supplemental 13.5 RVP barge, cargo, Buckeye and Laurel Pipeline assessments for conventional, RBOB and CBOB gasoline to reflect changes in seasonal gasoline specifications. These assessments will run alongside the current RBOB 5.8 RVP, conventional 9.0 RVP and CBOB 7.8 RVP assessments. Beginning September 16th the 13.5 RVP assessments will become the main assessment and replace the lower RVP assessments.

27-Aug-08 Effective Tuesday, September 15, 2008, Platts will resume gasoline assessments for Las Vegas RBOB, LVBOB, with an RVP of 8.0, as per Kinder Morgan pipeline specifications. For questions or comments, please contact Lisa Street at lisa_street@platts.com or David Ruisard at david_ruisard@platts.com.
3-Sep-08 Effective Tuesday, September 16, 2008, Platts will reflect seasonal RVP adjustments for Seattle and Portland gasoline grades. Conventional and premium gasoline in both Seattle and Portland will reflect an RVP of 11.50. For questions or comments, please contact Lisa Street at lisa_street@platts.com or David Ruisard at david_ruisard@platts.com.

8-Sep-08 Platts will suspend assessments for the 11.5 RVP RBOB and premium RBOB and begin assessing the 13.5 RVP RBOB and premium RBOB beginning with the 53rd Colonial Pipeline scheduling cycle on or about September 10, 2008. This is part of the seasonal RVP shifts. For questions or comments, contact Michael Easterbrook at 713-658-3245 or michael.easterbrook@platts.com or David Ruisard at 713-658-3224 or david.ruisard@platts.com.

8-Sep-08 Effective Wednesday, October 8, 2008, Platts will resume gasoline assessments for Group 3 unleaded 87-octane and premium unleaded 87-octane for the US Gulf coast gasoline cash market. For questions or comments, please contact Lisa Street at lisa.street@platts.com or David Ruisard at david.ruisard@platts.com.

9-Sep-08 Beginning September 16, Platts will change the specifications for its US Atlantic coast 0.7%s fuel oil assessment beginning on the first business day of January 2009. Platts proposes to raise the minimum volume to 150,000 barrels for its USAC fuel oil cargo assessments to basis delivered New York Harbor. Please submit questions and comments by October 31, 2008 to Tom Sosnowski, +1 212 904 3929, thomas.sosnowski@platts.com, David Marino, +1 212 904 4632, david.marino@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy, +1 713 658 3292, esa.ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to methodologyissues@platts.com.

12-Sep-08 Due to the volatility in the US Gulf Coast gasoline cash market, Platts will allow participants in the Market on Close assessment process Thursday to move gasoline bids and offers a maximum of 1 cent/gal per half minute. Platts reserves the right to change the cap on bid and offer movements throughout the day depending on evolving market conditions. For questions or comments, contact Michael Easterbrook at 713-658-3245 or michael.easterbrook@platts.com or David Ruisard at 713-658-3224 or david.ruisard@platts.com.

17-Sep-08 Beginning October 1, 2008, Platts will change the specifications for its US Atlantic coast 0.7%S fuel oil assessment beginning on the first business day of January 2009. There is no metals specification in the Platts USAC 0.7%S fuel oil specification basis. The US Atlantic Coast 0.7%S fuel oil assessment will reflect the current 1%S fuel oil assessment’s aluminum+silicon content of 200 ppm Al+Si. Subsequently, any changes to the metals specification for the Platts 1%S fuel oil assessment will automatically be reflected in its 0.7%S fuel oil assessment. Please submit questions and comments by October 31, 2008 to Tom Sosnowski, +1 212 904 3929, thomas.sosnowski@platts.com, David Marino, +1 212 904 4632, david.marino@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy, +1 713 658 3292, esa.ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to methodologyissues@platts.com.

1-Oct-08 Platts will stop assessing US Atlantic Coast MTBE, effective January 2, 2009. This decision was made due to a lack of trades and liquidity, and after extensive consultation with the industry. Please email comments to Robert_Sharpe@Platts.com, or Esa_Ramasamy@Platts.com.

2-Oct-08 Beginning October 3, 2008, Platts will change the specifications for its US Atlantic coast 0.7%S and 1%S fuel oil assessments to reflect an aluminum+silicon content of 100 ppm maximum beginning April 1, 2009. Please submit questions and comments by October 31, 2008 to Tom Sosnowski, +1 212 904 3929, thomas.sosnowski@platts.com, David Marino, +1 212 904 4632, david.marino@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy, +1 713 658 3292, esa.ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to methodologyissues@platts.com.

7-Oct-08 Beginning with the 58th Colonial Pipeline scheduling cycle on October 8, 2008, Platts will suspend assessments for the 11.5 RVP gasoline grades in the US Gulf Coast and begin assessing the 13.5 RVP gasoline grades. The specific gasoline grades affected by the seasonal RVP switch include the following: Conventional unleaded, premium
Following consultation with the industry, Platts is proposing to introduce US Atlantic Coast 1% sulfur fuel oil spot barge and cargo assessments with 150 ppm maximum aluminum+silicon (al+si) content on July 1, 2009. The 1% 150 ppm al+si assessment will run concurrently with Platts’ existing USAC 1%S sulfur 200ppm al+si fuel oil cargo and barge assessments until December 31, 2009. On January 4, 2010, Platts is proposing to publish only the 1%S 150ppm al+si fuel oil barge and cargo assessments. Platts will continue to review this issue and welcomes additional feedback from industry. Please send all questions and comments by November 30, 2009 to Tom Sosnowski, (212)-904-3929, thomas.sosnowski@platts.com, David Marino, (212)-904-4632, david_marino@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy, (713)-658-3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

29-Oct-08 Platts is expanding the assessment time frame for all its US Atlantic Coast fuel oil assessments for delivery 10 to 25 days forward from date of publication beginning April 1, 2009. Platts, meanwhile, has decided to maintain the minimum volume for its USAC fuel oil cargo assessments at 120,000 barrels. Please send all questions and comments to Tom Sosnowski, (212)-904-3929, thomas.sosnowski@platts.com, David Marino, (212)-904-4632, david_marino@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy, (713)-658-3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

29-Oct-08 After further consultation with the industry, Platts is proposing to include a 200 ppm max aluminum+silicon specification to its Atlantic Coast 0.7% sulfur fuel oil barge and cargo spot assessments beginning July 1, 2009. Platts will continue to review this issue and welcomes feedback from industry. At this time, Platts does not plan to link the 0.7% assessment to automatically reflect USAC 1%S specification changes. Please send all questions and comments by November 30, 2009 to Tom Sosnowski, (212)-904-3929, thomas.sosnowski@platts.com, David Marino, (212)-904-4632, david_marino@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy, (713)-658-3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

30-Oct-08 Platts is changing its US Gulf Coast 3.5%S fuel oil assessment to a RMG 380 bunker fuel basis on November 3. The specification basis for the RMG 380 generally follows the ISO 8217:2005 standard for petroleum products - Fuels (Class F) - Specifications of Marine Fuels: 4.5%S maximum, 991.0 kg/m3 maximum density at 15 degrees Celsius, 380 CST maximum at 50 degrees Celsius, 80 maximum al+si, 300 maximum vanadium, 18 maximum CCR, 60 degrees Celsius minimum flash point, 0.15 ppm ash, 0.5% maximum water, 0.10 max total sulfur.

29-Oct-08 Platts is changing its US Gulf Coast 3.5%S fuel oil assessment to a RMG 380 bunker fuel basis on November 3. The specification basis for the RMG 380 generally follows the ISO 8217:2005 standard for petroleum products - Fuels (Class F) - Specifications of Marine Fuels: 4.5%S maximum, 991.0 kg/m3 maximum density at 15 degrees Celsius, 380 CST maximum at 50 degrees Celsius, 80 maximum al+si, 300 maximum vanadium, 18 maximum CCR, 60 degrees Celsius minimum flash point, 0.15 ppm ash, 0.5% maximum water, 0.10 max total sulfur. Please send all questions and comments by November 30, 2009 to Tom Sosnowski, (212)-904-3929, thomas.sosnowski@platts.com, David Marino, (212)-904-4632, david_marino@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy, (713)-658-3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

28-Oct-08 Due to seasonal changes in Reid Vapor Pressure, Platts Group 3 unleaded and premium gasoline assessments will reflect 13.5 RVP effective November 3, 2008. For questions or comments contact Gary Raynaldo gary.raynaldo@platts.com or Asif Ali, asif.ali@platts.com.

29-Oct-08 Following consultation with the industry, Platts is proposing to introduce US Atlantic Coast 1% sulfur fuel oil spot barge and cargo assessments with 150 ppm maximum aluminum+silicon (al+si) content on July 1, 2009. The 1% 150 ppm al+si assessments will run concurrently with Platts’ existing USAC 1%S sulfur 200ppm al+si fuel oil cargo and barge assessments until December 31, 2009. On January 4, 2010, Platts is proposing to publish only the 1%S 150ppm al+si fuel oil barge and cargo assessments. Platts will continue to review this issue and welcomes additional feedback from industry. Please send all questions and comments by November 30, 2009 to Tom Sosnowski, (212)-904-3929, thomas.sosnowski@platts.com, David Marino, (212)-904-4632, david_marino@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy, (713)-658-3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

4-Nov-08 As communicated in previous announcements, Platts will not publish any Americas oil, petrochemicals, gas and power assessments on Friday, November 28, 2008, and will not publish globally on Friday, December 26, 2008, due to public holidays. Platts will publish a full slate of global assessments on Friday, January 2, 2009. Please send all questions and comments to Suzanne Evans, suzanne.evans@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

5-Nov-08 Platts US Gulf Coast gasoline and distillates waterborne assessments reflect barrels loading 5-15 days from date of publication, and...
PETROLEUM PRODUCTS & GAS LIQUIDS:
US, CARIBBEAN AND LATIN AMERICA

5-Nov-08 Platts is seeking feedback on a proposal to modify the location basis for its US Gulf Coast waterborne gasoline and distillate assessments. The existing US Gulf Coast waterborne assessments reflect basis FOB Houston. Platts is proposing to extend the geographic area from Houston, Texas to Lake Charles, Louisiana, a FOB US Gulf Coast basis that reflects three ports: Houston, Port Arthur, and Lake Charles. Under this proposal, a bid for US Gulf Coast waterborne gasoline or distillates would be basis FOB US Gulf Coast basis as defined by Platts with barrels supplied from one of the three ports. Similarly, an offer would reflect the FOB US Gulf Coast basis, and barrels would stem from one of the three ports. In this FOB market, the seller nominates the location between the three ports, and the buyer bids for a specific 3-day laycan. The buyer nominates the loading dates within the 3-day laycan, pending terminal acceptance. Platts will accept comments and suggestions on this proposal until November 30, 2008. Please contact David Ruisard, Houston Light Ends Team Leader and USGC Distillate Editor, at david_ruisard@platts.com, (713) 658-3224, or Esa Ramasamy, Director, Americas Oil Markets, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, (713) 658-3292, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com, for all comments and suggestions.

12-Nov-08 Platts will accept fresh bids or offers during the US swaps Market Close assessment process up to 3:00 pm Eastern Time. Bids and offers are required to move incrementally after the cut-off time of 3.00 pm ET, with the maximum increment set at 5 cents/barrel or 25 points/gallon per minute. Platts will monitor market conditions and at moments of volatility may change the increments. At 3:13 pm ET, no further price changes to bids or offers can be made. All bids and offers expire at 3:15 ET. All other guidelines pertaining to Americas physical oil products bids and offers apply to the US swaps MOC assessment process as well. Bids and offers shown to Platts must be firm and should be communicated to the US swaps editor through Yahoo Instant Messager, ID plattsusswaps, or (212) 904-4633. Please send inquiries to Funda Saygin, (212) 904-4633, funda_saygin@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy, (713) 658-3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

18-Nov-08 Beginning December 1, 2008, Platts regular and premium CARBOB gasoline assessments for Los Angeles will reflect 12.5 RVP while San Francisco will reflect 14.0 RVP. Also, conventional and premium unleaded gasoline assessments for Los Angeles will reflect 13.5 RVP while San Francisco will reflect 14.0 RVP. These seasonal RVP changes are per Kinder Morgan pipeline specifications. For questions or comments, please contact Jennifer Brumback at (713) 658-3237 or jennifer_brumback@platts.com, or David Ruisard at david_ruisard@platts.com.

20-Nov-08 Beginning December 1, 2008, Platts regular and premium unleaded gasoline assessments for US Group 3 will reflect 15.0 RVP. This seasonal RVP change follows Magellan Pipeline specifications. For questions or comments, please contact Jennifer Brumback at (713) 658-3237 or jennifer_brumback@platts.com, or Michael Easterbrook at 713-658-3245 or michael_easterbrook@platts.com.

20-Nov-08 Beginning December 1, 2008, Platts regular unleaded and premium gasoline assessments for Portland will reflect 15.0 RVP. These seasonal RVP changes are per Olympic pipeline specifications. For questions or comments, please contact Lisa Street at lisa_streert@platts.com or David Ruisard at david_ruisard@platts.com.

21-Nov-08 Beginning December 15, 2008, Platts regular unleaded, RBOB, and PBOB gasoline assessments for the Chicago market will reflect 15.0 RVP. The change is part of a seasonal RVP shift. For questions or comments, please contact Jennifer Brumback at (713) 658-3237, jennifer_brumback@platts.com, or Michael Easterbrook at 713-658-3245, michael_easterbrook@platts.com.

1-Dec-08 Platts Chicago gasoline and distillate assessments reflect product delivered Chicago via pipeline on a generic location basis. Bids, offers and trades delivered into Chicago for a specific pipeline — Kaneb, Wolverine, West Shore, or Badger — will be normalized back to the generic Chicago basis for assessment purposes. For questions and comments, please contact Jennifer Brumback at (713) 658 3237, Jennifer_Brumback@platts.com, Mike Easterbrook, (713) 658-3245, michael_easterbrook@platts.com, or Michael Easterbrook, (713) 658-3245, michael_easterbrook@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

1-Dec-08 Beginning Monday, Platts regular unleaded, premium unleaded, RBOB and PBOB gasoline assessments for the Chicago market will reflect 15.0 RVP. The change is part of a seasonal RVP shift. For questions or comments, please contact Jennifer Brumback at (713) 658-3237, Jennifer_Brumback@platts.com, or Michael Easterbrook at 713-658-3245, michael_easterbrook@platts.com.

2-Dec-08 Platts is seeking feedback on a proposal to modify the location basis for its Los Angeles diesel assessments. The existing CARB and EPA diesel assessments only reflect delivery on the Kinder Morgan Pipeline System without a GATX storage option. Platts is proposing to change the assessments to a Kinder Morgan with a GATX storage tank delivery option. Please contact Lisa Street, USWC Light Ends Editor, at lisa_streert@platts.com, (713)658-3242, or David Ruisard, Houston Light Ends Team Leader, at david_ruisard@platts.com, (713)658-3224, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com for all comments and suggestions.

2-Dec-08 Platts is seeking feedback on a proposal to modify the timing basis for its US West Coast jet fuel assessments. The existing US West Coast jet fuel assessments roll from the prompt month to the next forward month eight days prior to the end of the month, with assessments rolling on the preceding business day if the eighth day falls on a...
weekend or public holiday. Platts is proposing to continue rolling the assessment eight days prior to the end of the month, with assessments rolling on the following business day if the eighth day falls on a weekend or public holiday. For example, this would make Dec 23 the last day Platts would assess December jet fuel for the USWC. Please contact Lisa Street, USWC Light Ends Editor, at lisa.street@platts.com, (713)658-3242, or David Ruisard, Houston Light Ends Team Leader and USGC Distillates Editor, at david_ruisard@platts.com, (713)658-3224, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com, for all comments and suggestions.

16-Dec-08 Platts plans to launch US Atlantic Coast 1% sulfur fuel oil spot barge and cargo assessments with 150 ppm maximum aluminum+silicon (al+si) content on July 1, 2009. The 1% 150 ppm al+si assessments will run concurrently with Platts’ existing USAC 1%S sulfur 200ppm al+si fuel oil cargo and barge assessments until December 31, 2009. On January 4, 2010, Platts plans to publish only the 1%S 150ppm al+si fuel oil cargo and barge assessments. Platts welcomes additional feedback from industry. Please send all questions and comments to Tom Sosnowski, (212)-904-3929, thomas_sosnowski@platts.com, David Marino, (212)-904-4632, david_marino@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy, (713)-658-3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

16-Dec-08 Platts plans to add a 200 ppm max aluminum+silicon specification to its Atlantic Coast 0.7% sulfur fuel oil barge and cargo spot assessments beginning July 1, 2009. Platts welcomes additional feedback from the industry on this issue. Please send all questions and comments to Tom Sosnowski, (212)-904-3929, thomas_sosnowski@platts.com, David Marino, (212)-904-4632, david_marino@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy, (713)-658-3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

16-Dec-08 Following discussions with market participants, Platts is proposing three changes to its US Gulf Coast waterborne gasoline and distillate assessments. The proposed changes are as follows: 1—Changing the timing of its waterborne gasoline and distillate assessments to 10-20 days forward from date of publication from the current 5-15 days forward timing window. The logic behind extending the assessment period from 5-15 to 10-20 days forward is that waterborne assessments with an earlier timing window could include distressed transactions that deviate from typical market practices, potentially distorting value. 2—Adding a minimum 42 cetane to the waterborne No. 2 heating oil assessment. 3—Extending the geographic area of the location basis for all USGC waterborne gasoline and distillate assessments from Houston, Texas to Lake Charles, Louisiana, an FOB USGC basis that reflects three ports: Houston, Port Arthur, and Lake Charles. Currently, the existing USGC waterborne assessments reflect basis FOB Houston. Under this proposal, a bid for USGC waterborne gasoline or distillates would be basis FOB USGC basis as defined by Platts with barrels supplied from one of the three ports. Similarly, an offer would reflect the FOB USGC basis, and barrels would stem from one of the three ports. In this FOB market, the seller nominates the location among the three ports, and the buyer bids for a specific 3-day laycan. The buyer nominates the loading dates within the 3-day laycan, pending terminal acceptance. Platts welcomes comments and suggestions on these proposals up to January 31, 2009. Please contact David Ruisard, Houston Light Ends Team Leader and USGC Distillates Editor, at david_ruisard@platts.com, (713)658-3224, or Esa Ramasamy, Director, Americas Oil Markets, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, (713)658-3292, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

16-Dec-08 Platts plans to discontinue its US Atlantic Coast residual fuel oil barge assessments for 0.3%LP, 0.3%HP, 1%S, 2.2%S, and 3%S effective July 1, 2009, with the last publication date being June 30, 2009. Platts will continue to publish cargo assessments in the USAC residual fuel oil market following the discontinuation of its barge assessments. Please submit questions and comments by January 16, 2009 to Tom Sosnowski, +1 212 904 3929, thomas_sosnowski@platts.com, David Marino, +1 212 904 4632, david_marino@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy, +1 713 658 3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

17-Dec-08 Platts is seeking feedback on a proposal to change the frequency of its US asphalt assessments from a monthly basis to a weekly basis. Under the proposal, Platts US asphalt assessments will publish every Friday or the close of the business week in Platts Global Alert, Oilgram Price Report, and US Marketscan. This proposal would impact the following Platts US Asphalt Cement assessments: Arkansas, Colorado, Montana, California, Illinois, Georgia, Minneapolis/St. Paul, Ohio, Oklahoma, Kansas, MidAtlantic, Tampa, Texas and Louisiana. Please respond with comments and questions by January 31, 2009 to Ben Teplitz, (212)-904-4172, ben.teplitz@platts.com, Jeff Mower, (212)-904-3204, jeff.mower@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy, (713)-658-3253, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

18-Dec-08 On December 24, Platts Americas oil and petrochemical assessments will reflect the Market on Close (MOC) of 2:15 pm EST. NYMEX energy trading will close at 1:30 pm EST on December 24 ahead of the Christmas holiday weekend. All editorial protocols and guidelines for the Americas oil and petrochemicals MOC assessment process, including time cutoffs for submission of new bids and offers and for making incremental price changes, will be advanced to reflect the MOC of 2:15 pm EST. On December 24, the time cutoffs for MOC positions are as follows: 1:30 pm EST for cargoes, 1:45 pm EST for barges and pipeline refined products, 2:00 pm EST for swaps, and 2:05 pm EST for pipeline crudes. There will be no Americas oil and petrochemical assessments December 25 and December 26 due to public holidays. For questions and comments, please contact Esa Ramasamy, +1-713-658-3253, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, Ihsan Rahim, +1-713-658-3206, ihsan.rahim@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

22-Dec-08 In those instances when a counterparty directly or via his representative contacts a market maker without informing Platts editors handling the Americas oil Market on Close assessment process, the market maker should report this transaction to Platts. Confirmation from the market taker in this scenario is also required either direct or via a representative/intermediary of the counterparty, provided the market taker has communicated to Platts that the representative can execute on their behalf prior to the transaction. If confirmation cannot
be obtained from both parties for deals transacted during the Platts MOC assessment process, Platts reserves the right not to use such information for the assessment. For questions and comments, please contact Esa Ramasamy, (713)-658-3292, esa.ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

7-Jan-09  Platts discontinued its spot New York Harbor MTBE assessment as of January 2, 2009. For further information please contact Robert Sharp, +1-713-658-3215, Robert.Sharp@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy, +1-713-658-3292, Esa.Ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

8-Jan-09  Following a period of industry feedback, Platts has decided to modify the location basis for its Los Angeles CARB diesel assessments effective February 2, 2009. The existing Los Angeles CARB diesel assessments only reflect delivery on the Kinder Morgan Pipeline System without a GATX storage tank delivery option. Platts has decided to change this location basis to reflect delivery on the Kinder Morgan Pipeline System with a GATX storage option. For comments and questions, please contact Lisa Street, lisa.street@platts.com, 1-713-658-3242, or David Ruisard, david.ruisard@platts.com, 1-713-658-3224, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

8-Jan-09  Following a period of industry feedback, Platts has decided to modify the timing basis for its US West Coast jet fuel assessments effective February 2009. The existing US West Coast jet fuel assessments roll from the prompt month to the next forward month eight days prior to the end of the month, with assessments rolling on the preceding business day if the eighth day falls on a weekend or public holiday. Platts will continue to roll the assessment from the prompt month to the next forward month eight days prior to the end of the month, with assessments rolling on the following business day if the eighth day falls on a weekend or public holiday. For example, February 20, 2009 would be the last day Platts would assess February jet fuel for the USWCO, and Platts would begin assessing March jet fuel for the USWCO on February 23, 2009. For comments and questions, please contact Lisa Street, lisa.street@platts.com, 1-713-658-3242, or David Ruisard, david.ruisard@platts.com, 1-713-658-3224, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

27-Jan-09  Beginning February 9, 2009, Platts regular and premium CARBOB gasoline assessments for Los Angeles will reflect 5.99 RVP while San Francisco will reflect 12.5 RVP. Also, conventional and premium unleaded gasoline assessments for Los Angeles will reflect 11.5 RVP while San Francisco will reflect 15.0 RVP. These seasonal RVP changes are per Kinder Morgan pipeline specifications. For questions or comments, please contact Lisa Street at lisa.street@platts.com or David Ruisard at david.ruisard@platts.com.

27-Jan-09  Beginning February 5, 2009, Platts’ regular unleaded and premium unleaded gasoline assessments for the Chicago market will reflect 13.5 RVP. The change is part of a seasonal RVP shift. For questions or comments, please contact Jennifer Brumbach at 713-658-3237, jennifer.brumbach@platts.com, or Michael Easterbrook at 713-658-3245, michael.easterbrook@platts.com.

27-Jan-09  Beginning February 17, 2009, Platts conventional and premium unleaded gasoline assessments for Portland will reflect 13.5 RVP. These seasonal RVP changes are per Olympic Pipe Line specifications.

30-Jan-09  Platts is seeking feedback on a proposal to change the frequency of its US asphalt assessments from a monthly basis to a weekly basis. Under this proposal, Platts US asphalt assessments will publish every Friday or the close of the business week in Platts Global Alert, Oilgram Price Report, and US Marketscan. This proposal would impact the following Platts US Asphalt Cement assessments: Arkansas, Colorado, Montana, California, Illinois, Georgia, Minneapolis/St. Paul, Ohio, Oklahoma, Kansas, MidAtlantic, Tampa, Texas and Louisiana. Platts is extending the feedback period on this proposal to February 28, 2009. Please send all comments and suggestions to Ben Teplitz, ben.teplitz@platts.com, Jeff Mower, jeff.mower@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

30-Jan-09  Following discussions with market participants, Platts is proposing three changes to its US Gulf Coast waterborne gasoline and distillate assessments. The proposed changes are as follows: a) Changing the timing of its waterborne gasoline and distillate assessments to 10-20 days forward from the date of publication from the current 5-15 days forward timing window. The logic behind extending the assessment period from 5-15 to 10-20 days forward is that waterborne assessments with an earlier timing window could include distressed transactions that deviate from typical market practices, potentially distorting value; b) Adding a minimum 42 cetane to the waterborne No. 2 heating oil assessment; c) Extend the geographic area of the location basis for all USGC waterborne gasoline and distillate assessments from Houston, Texas to Lake Charles, Louisiana, an FOB US Gulf Coast basis that reflects three ports: Houston, Port Arthur, and Lake Charles. Currently, the existing US Gulf Coast waterborne assessments reflect basis FOB Houston. Under this proposal, a bid for US Gulf Coast waterborne gasoline or distillates would be basis FOB US Gulf Coast basis as defined by Platts with barrels supplied from one of the three ports. Similarly, an offer would reflect the FOB US Gulf Coast basis, and barrels would stem from one of the three ports. In this FOB market, the seller nominates the location among the three ports, and the buyer bids for a specific 3-day laycan. The buyer nominates the loading dates within the 3-day laycan, pending terminal acceptance. Platts has extended the feedback period on these proposed changes to March 31, 2009. Please contact David Ruisard, Houston Light Ends Team Leader and USGC Distillate Editor, at david.ruisard@platts.com, (713) 658-3224, or Esa Ramasamy, Director, Americas Oil Markets, esa.ramasamy@platts.com, (713) 658-3292, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

4-Feb-09  Platts is seeking feedback on a proposal to cease assessing Atlanta grade 87 and 93 octane conventional gasoline. Based on conversations with the industry, both of these grades are no longer produced in the US Gulf Coast. Platts requests all comments on this proposal to be submitted by March 2, 2009. For questions or comments, contact David Ruisard at +1 713-658-3224, david.ruisard@platts.com, Subhan Usmani at +1 713-658-3268, subhan.usmani@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.
4-Feb-09 Platts has finalized its RVP schedule for the Spring 2009 RVP shift. The following is the schedule for the conventional unleaded 87 octane gasoline. The rest of the RVP shifts can be found online at www.platts.com. Beginning with Colonial Pipeline’s 13th shipping cycle Platts will begin assessing 11.5 RVP gasoline for conventional unleaded 87 octane gasoline. At this time, Platts will stop assessing the 13.5 RVP gasoline as the market transitions through its seasonal RVP changes. The 13th shipping cycle is expected to become prompt on or about March 2. The 11.5 RVP assessment will become a 9.0 RVP assessment on the 15th shipping cycle. This change is expected on or about March 12. The 9.0 RVP assessment will become a 7.8 RVP assessment and a supplemental 9.0 RVP assessment will be published starting with the 19th shipping cycle. This is the final RVP shift for Spring 2009 is expected on or about April 2. These changes are part of the US seasonal RVP shifts. The listed dates and cycle are subject to change without notice. For questions or comments, please contact David Ruisard at 713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com or Subhan Usmani at 713-658-3268, subhan_usmani@platts.com.

5-Feb-09 Beginning February 17, 2009, Platts’ RBOB and PBOB gasoline assessments for the Chicago market will reflect 13.5 RVP. The change is part of a seasonal RVP shift. For questions or comments, please contact Jennifer Brumback at 713-658-3237, jennifer_brumbback@platts.com, or Michael Easterbrook at 713-658-3245, michael_easterbrook@platts.com.

5-Feb-09 The Platts Spring RVP change schedule for its US Gulf Coast gasoline assessments are as follows: Product Cycle # RVP Change to change Date 87 Octane 13 11.5 March 2, 2009 87 Octane 15 9.0 March 12, 2009 87 Octane 19 7.8 April 2, 2009 93 Octane 12 11.5 February 25, 2009 93 Octane 14 9.0 March 9, 2009 93 Octane 18 7.8 March 30, 2009 RBOB 83.7 15 11.5 March 14, 2009 RBOB 83.7 16 7.0 March 19, 2009 RBOB 91.4 14 11.5 March 9, 2009 RBOB 91.4 15 7.0 March 12, 2009 CBOB 87 13 11.5 March 2, 2009 CBOB 87 16 9.0 March 19, 2009 CBOB 93 18 7.0 May 29, 2009 CBOB 93 23 0.7 May 24, 2009 —For inquiries, send comments to david_ruisard@platts.com, and subhan_usmani@platts.com

5-Feb-09 Beginning with Colonial Pipeline’s 12th shipping cycle Platts will begin assessing 11.5 RVP gasoline for premium unleaded 93 octane gasoline. At that time, Platts will stop assessing the 13.5 RVP gasoline as the market transitions through its seasonal RVP changes. The 12th shipping cycle is expected to become prompt on or about February 18. For questions or comments contact David Ruisard, 713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com, or Subhan Usmani, 713-658-3268, subhan_usmani@platts.com.

9-Feb-09 Beginning February 23, 2009, Platts conventional and premium unleaded gasoline assessments for Portland will reflect 13.5 RVP. These seasonal RVP changes are per Olympic Pipe Line specifications. For questions or comments, please contact Lisa Street at lisa_street@platts.com or David Ruisard at david_ruisard@platts.com.

17-Feb-09 Beginning on February 25, 2009, Platts’ RBOB and PBOB gasoline assessments for the Chicago market will reflect 8.5 RVP. The change is part of a seasonal RVP shift. For questions or comments, please contact Jennifer Brumback at 713-658-3237, jennifer_brumbback@platts.com, or Michael Easterbrook at 713-658-3245, michael_easterbrook@platts.com.

17-Feb-09 Platts is considering the use of futures prices prevailing exactly at 3:15 pm Eastern Time (ET) as part of its physical assessments for Americas crude oil, refined products and derivatives. These instruments typically trade on a differential or EFP basis and Platts tracks those values up to 3:15 pm ET. Platts has been using the futures settlements prevailing at 2:30 pm ET as the basis in those cases where it is applicable. The proposed launch date for this shift is June 1, 2009. For any questions or comments, please contact Esa Ramasamy, +1 713-658-3292, esa_ramasamy@Platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com. For additional information, please view the following document: http://www.platts.com/Oil/Resources/Market%20Issues/plattsproposal09.pdf?

23-Feb-09 Beginning with Colonial Pipeline’s 14th shipping cycle Platts will begin assessing 9.0 RVP gasoline for premium unleaded 93 octane gasoline. At that time, Platts will stop assessing the 11.5 RVP gasoline as the market transitions through its seasonal RVP changes. The 14th shipping cycle is expected to become prompt on or about February 26. For questions or comments contact David Ruisard, 713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com, or Subhan Usmani, 713-658-3268, subhan_usmani@platts.com.

25-Feb-09 Beginning March 5, 2009, Platts’ regular unleaded and premium unleaded gasoline assessments for the Chicago market will reflect 11.5 RVP. The change is part of a seasonal RVP shift. For questions or comments, please contact Jennifer Brumback at 713-658-3237, jennifer_brumbback@platts.com, or Michael Easterbrook at 713-658-3245, michael_easterbrook@platts.com.

27-Feb-09 Platts is proposing to launch Renewable Identification Number (RINs) assessments for calendar year 2008 and 2009 on April 1, 2009. A RIN is a number issued by the US Environmental Protection Agency, for the purpose of tracking renewable fuel usage throughout the supply chain; refiners, importers and blenders, called “obligated parties,” use them to show the EPA they have fulfilled their mandated government use of renewable fuels. If the obligated party has not used enough physical product, such as ethanol, it can satisfy the quota by purchasing RINs. The two calendar year RIN assessments would reflect the price of per renewable fuel credit (RIN) and typical volume of 1 million RINs per trade. According to the EPA, calendar-year RINs expire two years forward on the last day of February. For example, all calendar-year 2008 RINs will expire on February 28, 2010. However, Platts would roll to the next prompt year on the first business day of February, 2 years forward from the calendar year when the RINS were issued. For example, Platts would roll its calendar year 2009 RINs assessment to the prompt year and will add calendar year 2010 RINs on the first business day of February 2010. Platts would publish these RINS assessments in Platts Refiner, US Marketscan, Oilgram Price Report, Platts Dispatch, and on Platts Global Alert page 597. For questions
2-Mar-09 Beginning with Colonial Pipeline’s 15th shipping cycle, Platts will begin assessing 9.0 RVP gasoline for conventional unleaded 87 octane. At that time, Platts will stop assessing the 11.5 RVP gasoline as the market transitions through its seasonal RVP changes. The 15th shipping cycle is expected to become prompt on or about March 4. For questions or comments contact David Ruisard, 713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com, or Subhan Usmani, 713-658-3268, subhan_usmani@platts.com.

6-Mar-09 Beginning with Colonial Pipeline’s 16th shipping cycle, Platts will begin assessing 9.0 RVP gasoline for CBOB 87 octane. At that time, Platts will stop assessing the 11.5 RVP CBOB 87 octane gasoline as the market transitions through its seasonal RVP changes. The 16th shipping cycle is expected to become prompt on or about March 11. For questions or comments contact David Ruisard, 713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com, or Subhan Usmani, 713-658-3268, subhan_usmani@platts.com.

9-Mar-09 As of March 9, Platts will publish on an experimental basis assessments that reflect transactable value for Globex/NYMEX heating oil, RBOB, and crude futures with a timestamp of 3:15 pm Eastern Time in the US Marketscan. In addition, Platts will publish on an experimental basis spot US Gulf Coast conventional unleaded and US Gulf Coast ULSD assessments that use the 3:15 pm ET underlying futures basis as assessed by Platts rather than the 2:30 pm ET NYMEX settlement time, also in the US Marketscan. These experimental assessments will address Platts’ current proposal to align its Americas assessment processes for physical oil to fully reflect market value at 3:15 pm ET, and Platts is still seeking feedback on that proposal. Platts will publish assessments that reflect transactable value for the two front months of Globex/NYMEX heating oil, RBOB, and light sweet crude futures with a 3:15 pm ET timestamp. In the assessment process, Platts will examine trades as well as prevailing bid and offers levels up until precisely 3:15 pm ET in order to determine demonstrable and repeatable value for Globex/NYMEX futures at that timestamp, rather than using the last trade at 3:15 pm ET or a weighted average near 3:15 pm ET to determine value. For any questions or comments, please contact Esa Ramasamy, +1-713-658-3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, and comments to ricardo_alarcon@platts.com.

10-Mar-09 Beginning with Colonial Pipeline’s 16th shipping cycle on March 11, Platts will assess US Gulf Coast RBOB 83.7 octane gasoline with 7.0 RVP. At that time, Platts will suspend assessments of 11.5 RVP RBOB as the market transitions through seasonal RVP changes.

17-Mar-09 Starting April 1, 2009, Platts’ US Atlantic Coast fuel oil assessments will reflect barrels per delivery 10 to 25 days forward from date of publication. Prior to April 1, Platts’ USAC fuel oil assessments reflect barrels for delivery 5 to 20 days forward from date of publication. Please send all questions and comments to Tom Soosnowski, (212)-904-3929, thomas.soosnowski@platts.com, Esa Ramasamy, +1 (713)-658-3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, and cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

17-Mar-09 Platts has decided to launch Renewable Identification Number (RINs) assessments for calendar year 2009 and 2009 on April 1, 2009. A RIN is a number issued by the US Environmental Protection Agency, for the purpose of tracking renewable fuel usage throughout the supply chain; refiners, importers and blenders, called “obligated parties,” use them to show the EPA they have fulfilled their mandated government use of renewable fuels. If the obligated party has not used enough physical product, such as ethanol, it can satisfy the quota by purchasing RINs. The two calendar year assessments will reflect the price per RIN and typical volume of 1 million RINs per trade. EPA calendar-year RINs expire two years forward on the last day of February. However, Platts will roll its first year assessment to the next prompt year on the first business day of February. For example, Platts will roll its calendar year 2009 RINs assessment to the prompt year and will add calendar year 2010 RINs on the first business day of February 2010. Platts will publish these assessments in Platts Refiner, US Marketscan, Oilgram Price Report, Platts Dispatch, and on Platts Global Alert page 597. For questions and comments, please contact Robert Sharp, +1-713-658-3215, robert_sharp@platts.com, Esa Ramasamy, +1-713-658-3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

17-Mar-09 Starting July 1, 2009, Platts’ US Atlantic Coast 0.7% sulfur fuel oil cargo assessment will reflect 200 ppm max aluminum+silicon content. Platts existing USAC 0.7% sulfur fuel oil assessment basis has no aluminum+silicon specification. Please send all questions and comments to Tom Soosnowski, (212)-904-3929, thomas.soosnowski@platts.com, Esa Ramasamy, +1 (713) 658-3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, and cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

17-Mar-09 Platts will discontinue its US Atlantic Coast residual fuel oil barge assessments for 0.3%LP, 0.3%HP, 1%, 2.2%, and 3% with the last publication date being June 30, 2009. Platts will continue to publish cargo assessments for the US Atlantic Coast fuel oil market following the discontinuation of its barge assessments. Please submit questions and comments to Tom Soosnowski, (212) 904-3929, thomas.soosnowski@platts.com, Esa Ramasamy, +1 (713) 658-3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, and cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

17-Mar-09 On July 1, 2009, Platts will publish a supplemental US Atlantic Coast 1% sulfur fuel oil spot assessment. This 1% sulfur fuel oil assessment will reflect 150 ppm maximum aluminum+silicon (al-si)
content. The 1% 150 ppm al+si supplemental assessment will run concurrent to Platts’ existing USAC 1% sulfur fuel oil assessment, which reflects 200 ppm al+si, until December 31, 2009. On January 4, 2010, Platts’ existing USAC 1% assessment will reflect the 150 ppm al+si specification, and the supplemental assessment will cease. Please send all questions and comments to Tom Sosnowski, +1 (212) 904-3929, thomas.sosnowski@platts.com, and Esa Ramasamy, +1 (713) 658-3292, esa.ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

31-Mar-09 On March 31, Platts will apply the May NYMEX heating oil contract to all US Gulf Coast ultra low sulfur diesel, off-road low sulfur diesel and on-road low sulfur diesel during the Platts Market on Close assessment process. The May NYMEX heating oil contract will also be used as the basis for Platts assessment. This change is being made because the April NYMEX heating oil contract expires at 2:30 pm EDT (1:30 pm CDT), well before the Platts 3:15 pm EDT (2:15 pm CDT) assessment time.

1-Apr-09 Following extensive consultation with the industry, Platts will discontinue its conventional unleaded 87 octane, 30 ppm sulfur Atlanta gasoline, and premium unleaded 93 octane, 30 ppm sulfur Atlanta gasoline assessments, effective June 1, 2009. Based on industry feedback, these two gasoline grades are no longer produced in the US Gulf Coast region. The last day Platts will assess these two grades is May 29, 2009. Please direct any questions or comments to Subhan Usmani, +1-713-658-3268, subhan.usmani@platts.com, or David Ruisard, +1-713-658-3224, david.ruisard@platts.com.

21-Apr-09 Starting June 1, 2009 Platts plans to extend its daily US Wholesale Posted Prices coverage in Oilgram Price Report and the US Marketscan to include Saturday and holiday prices. Previously, wholesale posted prices for Saturday and holidays—known otherwise as rack prices—were available only to subscribers of Platts? real-time and FTP Dispatch data services. The Saturday Rack prices, provided by DTN, will be made available to subscribers of Platts Oilgram Price Report, OPR Extra and the US Marketscan. OPR Extra and US Marketscan subscribers will receive a stand-alone publication with the Saturday wholesale prices, which will be sent as a .pdf Monday morning US East Coast time. Oilgram Price Report subscribers will receive the Saturday wholesale prices in every Tuesday issue of the publication. The publication dates for holiday wholesale prices and for weeks when Monday is a holiday will be announced prior to each holiday. For questions and/or comments please contact Jeff Mower at jeff.mower@platts.com, or 212-904-3204.

23-Apr-09 Platts plans to end its practice of putting pluses and minuses next to assessments in several of its services. Those pluses and minuses represent the direction the assessment has moved from the prior day. The change will be effective with all publications of July 1, 2009. Numerous Platts? subscribers have raised concerns that the minuses, in particular, are confusing at times, particularly in assessments of differentials (as opposed to outright prices). Additionally, the implementation of the pluses and minuses has not been consistent across all Platts? services, and Platts? editors have determined that it would be more consistent to eliminate the pluses and minuses in those services where they are still carried rather than adding them to services where they are not. The main services to be affected by this move are Platts Global Alert, Platts Oilgram Price Report, Platts US Marketscan, Platts Latin American Wire, Platts Clean and Dirty Tankerwire, and Platts Asia-Pacific/Arab Gulf Marketscan. Additionally, the same policy will be implemented for the Platts? LPGaswire and the Platts European Marketscan, where not only are pluses and minuses used but the magnitude of the change also is listed. For questions or comments, please contact support@platts.com, John Kingston at john.kingston@platts.com or Jeff Mower at jeff.mower@platts.com.

29-Apr-09 On April 30, 2009 Platts will apply the June NYMEX heating oil contract to all US Gulf Coast ultra low sulfur diesel, off-road low sulfur diesel and on-road low sulfur diesel during the Platts Market on Close assessment process. The June NYMEX heating oil contract will also be used as the basis for Platts assessment. This change is being made because the May NYMEX heating oil contract expires at 2:30 pm EDT (1:30 pm CDT), well before the Platts 3:15 pm EDT (2:15 pm CDT) assessment time.

5-May-09 Following extensive consultation with the industry, Platts has decided to properly align differentials and flat prices at exactly 3:15 pm Eastern Time (ET) for its oil and petrochemical assessment processes in the Americas. This alignment will take place with effect from June 1, 2009. The alignment will bring the US crude oil and products markets to assessment standards already in place elsewhere, including Europe and Asia. Platts assessment processes in the Americas will continue to operate with the same time frames where physical activity occurring up to 3:15 pm ET is considered in the daily assessments. Critically, in those markets where commodities trade at differentials to futures, the prevailing futures prices at 3:15 pm ET will be used in the assessment process. Platts continues to engage in active discussions with all stakeholders, including market participants and futures exchanges. For any further comment, please contact Esa Ramasamy, +1 713-658-3292, esa.ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com. For more information on the alignment decision, please visit the following links: http://www.platts.com/Oil/Resources/Market Issues/alignment0509.pdf and http://www.platts.com/Oil/Resources/Market Issues/alignmentqa0509.pdf.

22-May-09 Platts is hosting a methodology forum during the Platts Bunker & Residual Fuel Oil Conference in Houston, Texas, on Wednesday, June 24, 2009, from 11:00 am to 12:00 pm Central Daylight Time (CDT). The event will take place at the Sheraton Suites Hotel Galleria Hotel, and attendance is free for the 11 am methodology forum only. The forum will include a review of recent methodology changes for Platts residual fuel oil and bunker assessments, and proposals for additional changes will also be presented. For questions and comments, please contact Esa Ramasamy +1 713-658-3253, esa.ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

26-May-09 On May 5, 2009, Platts announced its intention to complete the process of aligning all pricing elements-fixed price, differentials and futures inputs-in its Americas crude oil and products price
assessments at exactly 3:15 pm Eastern Time, effective June 1, 2009. In those markets where commodities trade at differentials to futures, the prevailing futures value as assessed by Platts at 3:15 pm ET will be used in the assessment process. Market participants submitting bids and offers on a differential exchange for physical (EFP) basis to futures during the Platts Americas oil Market on Close assessment process should be explicit in their positions, including month of reference for the EFP. For any positions submitted as an EFP versus a futures contract (i.e. July +1.00 cents/gal), Platts will use the prevailing futures value at 3:15 pm ET to calculate the flat price for the assessment. If parties wish to express positions as an EFP to the 2:30 pm ET same-day settlement value of a futures contract (i.e. today’s July settle +1.00 cents/gal), Platts will accept this information. The usage of a differential in this fashion would naturally result in a fixed price equivalent. For any floating EFP positions (i.e. EFPs based on an average of forward settlements around lifting/delivery), Platts will use the prevailing futures at 3:15 pm ET to calculate the flat price for the assessment. Market participants can also express positions on a fixed price basis, and Platts will consider both fixed prices and EFP differential positions in its assessment processes. Please contact Esa Ramasamy, +1 713-658-3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com, for any questions and comments.

29-May-09

Beginning June 1 2009, Platts in the US will publish its 3:15pm Eastern time Globex/NYMEX futures assessments on Platts Global Alert page 785 and Platts Petrochemical Alert page 700. The first three months of the NYMEX light crude contract, the NYMEX RBOB contract and the NYMEX Heating Oil contract will be assessed and published. On May 5, 2009, Platts announced its intention to complete the process of aligning all pricing elements — fixed price, differentials and futures inputs — in its Americas crude oil and products price assessments at exactly 3:15 pm Eastern Time, effective June 1, 2009. The 3:15pm ET futures assessments will also be published in the US Marketscan, Refiner, Asia Pacific-Arab Gulf Marketscan, Latin American Wire, Oilgram Price Report and in Dispatch. Platts will also publish the NYMEX light crude futures values in LP Gaswire, in Crude Oil Marketwire, and North American Crude Wire. Platts will also publish the NYMEX RBOB future assessments in the European and Americas Petrochemical Scans. The methodology that will be used in arriving at the 3:15pm futures assessment is available at: http://www.platts.com/Oil/Resources/Methodology%20&%20Specifications/alignment0509.pdf and http://www.platts.com/Oil/Resources/Market Issues/alignment0509.pdf.

8-Jun-09

Platts will publish NYMEX’s 3:15 pm Eastern Time Minute-Markers for light sweet crude, RBOB, and heating oil futures starting June 15, 2009 on Platts Global Alert 766, in Dispatch, Crude Oil Marketwire, US Marketscan, Oilgram Price Report, and North American Crude Wire. These will be published in addition to Platts Futures Assessments at 3:15 pm ET for NYMEX crude, RBOB, and heating oil. NYMEX announced the June 15 launch of these Minute-Markers last week, with the front-month Minute- Marker futures contracts listed for one month and the second-month contract listed 10 business days prior to the expiration of the front-month contract. For further questions, please contact Esa Ramasamy, +1 713-658-3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

17-Jun-09

Platts is proposing to close its Americas oil Market on Close assessment processes at 1:30 pm Eastern Time on Thursday, July 2 due to the observance of the US Independence Day holiday on Friday, July 3. Going forward, Platts is also proposing to close its MOC processes in the Americas at 1:30 pm ET on the business day prior to the following holidays: Independence Day, Thanksgiving, Christmas Day and New Year’s Day. For any questions and comments on this proposal, please contact Suzanne Evans, suzanne.evans@platts.com, with a cc to Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, by June 24, 2009.

23-Jun-09

Beginning August 3, Platts’ US Gulf Coast residual fuel oil assessments will reflect barrels loading FOB Houston or FOB New Orleans. This is the methodology as stated in the Platts Guide Methodology &
Platts continues to seek comments on its proposal to: a) change its US Gulf Coast gasoline and distillates waterborne assessment period from the current 5-15 days from date of publication to 10-20 days from date of publication; b) utilize the third and fourth cycle after the prompt cycle Colonial Pipeline assessments as the basis for its waterborne assessments; c) include a 42 cetane number and nitrogen content of 170 ppm max for No.2 oil waterborne assessment; d) expand the geographical delivery points to include Port Arthur and Lake Charles, in addition to Houston. All delivery points beyond Port Arthur, Houston and Lake Charles, including Corpus Christi, New Orleans and Pascagoula would be normalized back to the three main delivery points; As this is a FOB market, the seller nominates the delivery point among the three ports, five days before the first day of the laycan. The buyer then nominates the vessel and the loading dates within the three-day laycan, pending terminal acceptance. Platts is proposing to implement these changes on August 3, 2009. Please send comments to Esa Ramasamy at esa_ramasamy@platts.com; David Ruisard, david_ruisard@platts.com and a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

29-Jun-09
Platts has decided to close its Americas oil Market on Close assessment processes at 1:30 pm Eastern Time on Thursday, July 2, 2009 due to the observance of the US Independence Day holiday on Friday, July 3. Platts has also decided to close its MOC processes in the Americas at 1:30 pm ET on the business day prior to the following holidays: Independence Day, Thanksgiving, Christmas Day and New Year’s Day. The holiday schedule on Platts.com will be updated to reflect this change for 2009. For any questions and comments on this proposal, please contact Suzanne Evans, suzanne_evans@platts.com, with a cc to Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com.

1-Jul-09
Platts continues to seek comments on its proposal to: a) change its US Gulf Coast gasoline and distillates waterborne assessment period from the current 5-15 days from date of publication to 10-20 days from date of publication; b) utilize the third and fourth cycle after the prompt cycle Colonial Pipeline assessments as the basis for its waterborne assessments; c) include a minimum of 42 cetane number and nitrogen content of 170 ppm max for No.2 oil waterborne assessment; d) expand the geographical delivery points to include Port Arthur and Lake Charles, in addition to Houston. All delivery points beyond Port Arthur, Houston and Lake Charles, including Corpus Christi, New Orleans and Pascagoula would be normalized back to the three main delivery points; As this is a FOB market, the seller nominates the delivery point among the three ports, five days before the first day of the laycan. The buyer then nominates the vessel and the loading dates within the three-day laycan, pending terminal acceptance. e) Platts is defining its waterborne assessments to reflect a minimum volume of 50,000 barrels to a maximum of 125,000 barrels. Platts is proposing to implement these changes on August 3, 2009. Please send comments to Esa Ramasamy at esa_ramasamy@platts.com; David Ruisard, david_ruisard@platts.com and a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.
proposing to increase the minimum volume for its US Atlantic Coast ethanol assessment to 25,000 barrels; currently, Platts USAC ethanol assessments reflect a minimum volume of 10,000 barrels. Platts has no plan at this point to introduce changes to its US Gulf Coast ethanol assessment, which remains at 10,000 barrels and the assessment timeframe of 5-15 days forward from date of publication. Please send comments by July 31, 2008 to Robert Sharp, robert_sharp@platts.com, or to Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, and cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

29-Jul-09
Beginning August 3, Platts US Gulf Coast residual fuel oil assessments will reflect barrels loading FOB Houston or FOB New Orleans. This is the methodology as stated in the Platts Guide Methodology & Specifications Guide on page 7. If a buyer elects to bid for a specific terminal, that bid would be normalized by using the prevailing cross-harbor barge rates in the respective location. As this is a FOB transaction, the standard is for the seller to name the loading terminal, while buyer will nominate the loading dates, pending terminal acceptance. In addition, beginning August 3, Platts US Gulf Coast residual fuel oil assessments will reflect a minimum of 40,000 barrels up to maximum of 125,000 barrels, with a maximum operational tolerance of +/- 5%; in this instance, 40,000-45,000 barrels in a bid or an offer exceeds this operational tolerance limit. Please send comments/inquiry to Esa Ramasamy at esa_ramasamy@platts.com, Mike Easterbrook at Michael_easterbrook@platts.com and cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

6-Aug-09
Platts US Gulf Coast conventional 87 and premium 93 gasoline assessments will reflect 11.5 RVP beginning with the 51st Colonial Pipeline shipping cycle on September 1. At that time, Platts will also stop publishing supplemental assessments for the 9.0 RVP conventional 87 and premium 93 gasoline. For questions or comments, please contact Subhan Usmani, +1-713-658-3268, subhan_usmani@platts.com, or David Ruisard, +1-713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com.

6-Aug-09
Platts US Gulf Coast RBOB 83.7 and premium RBOB 91.4 gasoline assessments will reflect 11.5 RVP beginning with the 49th Colonial Pipeline shipping cycle on August 22. For questions or comments, please contact Subhan Usmani, +1-713-658-3268, subhan_usmani@platts.com, or David Ruisard, +1-713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com.

6-Aug-09
Following a period of industry consultation, Platts has decided to implement the following changes in specifications for its Chicago and the US Atlantic Coast ethanol assessments effective September 1, 2009. For the Chicago assessment, Platts will increase the minimum volume to 5,000 barrels and will change its assessment timeframe to 5-15 days forward from date of publication. Currently, Platts Chicago ethanol assessments reflect a minimum volume of 3,000 barrels and timing of 5-15 days forward from date of publication. For the USAC assessment, Platts will increase the minimum volume for its US Atlantic Coast ethanol assessment to 25,000 barrels; currently, Platts USAC ethanol assessments reflect a minimum volume of 10,000 barrels. In addition, Platts is seeking comments in regards to the basis and location of its Chicago ethanol assessment, currently FOB Chicago area terminals, given the recent increase in basis ITT Kinder Morgan Argo Terminal transactions in the spot market. Please send comments to Robert Sharp, robert_sharp@platts.com, or to Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, and cc pricegroup@platts.com.

7-Aug-09
Platts is proposing to launch a Conventional Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending (CBOB) gasoline assessment in Chicago on September 9, 2009, the first trading day for the second pipeline cycle for September in Chicago. The proposed spot CBOB assessment will reflect Octane (R+M/2) of 87 after blending with 10% ethanol, and would generally reflect the Explorer Pipeline specifications for CBOB. As well, the new assessment would follow the existing methodology for Chicago refined product assessments. The new assessment would be published on Platts Global Alert page 275, in US Marketscan, Oilgram Price Report, and in Dispatch. Please contact Jennifer Brumback, jennifer_brumback@platts.com, and David Ruisard, david_ruisard@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

17-Aug-09
Beginning September 1, 2009, Platts regular and premium conventional gasoline assessments for Los Angeles will reflect 8.0 RVP. These seasonal RVP changes are per Kinder Morgan pipeline specifications. For questions or comments, please contact Lisa Street at lisa_street@platts.com or David Ruisard at david_ruisard@platts.com.

19-Aug-09
After a period of industry consultation, Platts has decided to launch a Conventional Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending (CBOB) gasoline assessment in Chicago on September 8, 2009, the first trading day for the second pipeline cycle for September in Chicago. The proposed spot CBOB assessment will reflect Octane (R+M/2) of 87 minimum after blending with 10% ethanol, and will follow the Explorer Pipeline specifications for CBOB. As well, the new assessment will follow the existing methodology for Chicago refined product assessments. The new assessment would be published on Platts Global Alert page 275, in US Marketscan, Oilgram Price Report, and in Dispatch. Please contact Jennifer Brumback, jennifer_brumback@platts.com, and David Ruisard, david_ruisard@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

20-Aug-09
Beginning September 1, 2009, Platts will publish supplemental US Atlantic Coast winter grade gasoline barge, cargo, Buckeye and Laurel Pipeline assessments for 13.5 RVP conventional, RBOB and CBOB gasoline to reflect changes in seasonal gasoline specifications. These assessments will run alongside the current summer grade assessments. Beginning September 16, the winter grade assessments will become the main assessment and replace the lower RVP assessments. Please send any comments to Asif Ali, asif_ali@platts.com, with a cc to Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com.

24-Aug-09
Platts US Gulf Coast conventional 87 and premium 93 gasoline assessments will reflect 11.5 RVP beginning with the 51st Colonial Pipeline shipping cycle on September 2. At that time, Platts will suspend publishing supplemental assessments for the 9.0 RVP conventional 87 and premium 93 gasoline. Colonial Pipeline recently adjusted the beginning of the 51st cycle to September 2 from an
earlier announced date of September 1. These changes reflect seasonal adjustments to the RVP levels. For questions or comments, please contact Subhan Usmani, +1-713-658-3268, subhan_usmani@platts.com, or David Ruisard, +1-713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com.

24-Aug-09 Platts US Gulf Coast CBOB 87 and premium CBOB 93 gasoline assessments will reflect 11.5 RVP beginning with the 51st Colonial Pipeline shipping cycle on September 2. These changes reflect seasonal adjustments to the RVP levels. For questions or comments, please contact Subhan Usmani, +1-713-658-3268, subhan_usmani@platts.com, or David Ruisard, +1-713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com.

25-Aug-09 As communicated in previous subscriber notes, Platts is implementing the following changes in specifications for its Chicago and the US Atlantic Coast ethanol assessments effective September 1, 2009. For the Chicago assessment, Platts will increase the minimum volume to 5,000 barrels and will change its assessment timeframe to 5-15 days forward from date of publication. Currently, Platts Chicago ethanol assessments reflect a minimum volume of 3,000 barrels and timing of 5-15 days forward from date of publication. For the USAC assessment, Platts will increase the minimum volume for its US Atlantic Coast ethanol assessment to 25,000 barrels; currently, Platts USAC ethanol assessments reflect a minimum volume of 10,000 barrels. In addition, Platts is seeking comments in regards to the basis and location of its Chicago ethanol assessment, currently FOB Chicago area terminals, given the recent increase in basis ITT Kinder Morgan Argo Terminal transactions in the spot market. Please send comments to Robert Sharp, robert_sharp@platts.com, or to Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, and cc pricegroup@platts.com.

26-Aug-09 Effective October 1, 2009, Platts is proposing two changes to its current CBOB gasoline blend stock assessments for the US Gulf Coast. The first proposed change is to introduce CBOB 87 and premium CBOB 93 assessments that mirror the Colonial Pipeline’s A-grade and D-grade specifications. The sulfur content for these two grades is 80 ppm max, and beginning October 1, these new assessments will reflect 11.5 RVP seasonal levels. On the same day, Platts would re-name its current 30 ppm max CBOB assessments in the USGC. These grades would be called “Ati 87 CBOB” and “Ati 93 CBOB,” after the market they were originally created to serve. Currently, these are labeled “CBOB 87” and “CBOB 93.” The new assessments and revised code descriptions would be published in Dispatch, Platts Global Alert page 19, US Marketscan, and Oilgram Price Report. For questions or comments, please contact Subhan Usmani, +1-713-658-3268, subhan_usmani@platts.com, or David Ruisard, +1-713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

1-Sep-09 Beginning September 16, 2009, Platts’ conventional unleaded N-grade and premium unleaded A-grade gasoline assessments for the Group 3 market will reflect 10.0 RVP. The change is part of a seasonal RVP shift. For questions or comments, please contact Jennifer Brumback at 713-658-3237, jennifer_brumback@platts.com, or David Ruisard at 713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com.

2-Sep-09 Effective October 9, 2009, Platts is implementing a change to the timing guidelines in its US oil assessment processes. With the
Effective October 9, 2009, Platts is implementing a change to the position match guidelines in its US editorial processes where eWindow is used. If a market maker raises a bid and matches an offer for the same product and timing via eWindow, or conversely lowers an offer and matches a bid for the same product and timing via eWindow, the two parties will be considered to have transacted for our editorial purposes and both parties will have the option to repeat the bid/offer at the same level or less than the traded price. Currently, matches of bids/offer in existing US editorial processes result in a transaction, but the position of the market maker who prompted the match remains at the same level until one minute has passed for the opposing market maker to submit a rebid/reoffer. This guideline will remain in place for non-eWindow US editorial processes. For questions or comments, please contact Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

Beginning October 1, 2009, Platts assessments for San Francisco regular and premium unleaded gasoline will reflect a 10.5 RVP while assessments for Los Angeles regular and premium unleaded gasoline will reflect a 9.0 RVP. These seasonal RVP changes are per Kinder Morgan pipeline specifications. Beginning October 1, 2009, Platts assessments for Portland and Seattle regular and premium unleaded gasoline will reflect a 13.5 RVP. These seasonal RVP changes are per Olympic Pipe Line specifications. On October 5, 2009, Platts will suspend assessments for Arizona Cleaner Burning Gasoline (CBG), and resume Arizona RBOB and Arizona premium RBOB gasoline assessments with an 8.0 RVP in accordance with the seasonal gasoline grade transition as per Kinder Morgan pipeline specifications. For questions or comments, please contact Lisa Street at lisa_street@platts.com or David Ruisard at david.ruisard@platts.com.

Beginning October 1, 2009, Platts’ conventional unleaded N-grade and premium unleaded A-grade gasoline assessments for the Group 3 market will reflect 11.5 RVP. The change is part of a seasonal shift in vapor pressure specifications. For questions or comments, please contact Jennifer Brumback at 713-658-3237, jennifer.brumback@platts.com, or David Ruisard at 713-658-3224, david.ruisard@platts.com.

Beginning September 15, 2009, Platts’ conventional unleaded, premium unleaded, CBOB, RBOB and PBOB gasoline assessments for the Chicago market will reflect 11.5 RVP. The change is part of a seasonal RVP shift. For questions or comments, please contact Jennifer Brumback at 713-658-3237, jennifer.brumback@platts.com, or David Ruisard at 713-658-3224, david.ruisard@platts.com.

Beginning September 14, 2009, Platts’ US Atlantic Coast for winter grade gasoline barge, cargo, Buckeye and Laurel Pipeline assessments will reflect 13.5 RVP conventional. RBOB and CBBO assessments will also reflect 13.5 RVP beginning September 14. Please send comments/inquiries to Sheela Tobben, sheela@platts.com with a cc to Bristol Voss at bristol.voss@platts.com.

The asphaltenes specification for Platts US Atlantic Coast 0.7%S and 1.0%S residual fuel oil in the Platts Methodology and Specifications Guide for Petroleum Products & Gas Liquids: US, Caribbean and Latin America should read “asphaltene max 8%.” This specification was published incorrectly as “asphaltene max 8 ppm” for both grades. Please contact Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com, for any questions and comments.

Beginning October 1, 2009, Platts is implementing a change to the position match guidelines in its US editorial processes where eWindow is used. If a market maker raises a bid and matches an offer for the same product and timing via eWindow, or conversely lowers an offer and matches a bid for the same product and timing via eWindow, the two parties will be considered to have transacted for our editorial purposes and both parties will have the option to repeat the bid/offer at the same level or less than the traded price. Currently, matches of bids/offer in existing US editorial processes result in a transaction, but the position of the market maker who prompted the match remains at the same level until one minute has passed for the opposing market maker to submit a rebid/reoffer. This guideline will remain in place for non-eWindow US editorial processes. For questions or comments, please contact Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

Beginning October 1, 2009, Platts is aligning the timing between its editorial processes where eWindow is used and those where it is not as follows: cargo positions must be submitted prior to 2:30:01 Eastern Time, barge/pipeline positions must be submitted prior to 2:45:01 Eastern Time (ET), and price changes will be accepted prior to 3:13:01 Eastern Time. The change in the timing guidelines is precipitated by the timing logistics in eWindow, creating a need for harmonization between editorial processes where eWindow is used and those where it is not. For questions or comments, please contact Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

Beginning October 1, 2009, Platts’ conventional unleaded N-grade and premium unleaded A-grade gasoline assessments for the Group 3 market will reflect 11.5 RVP. The change is part of a seasonal shift in vapor pressure specifications. For questions or comments, please contact Jennifer Brumback at 713-658-3237, jennifer.brumback@platts.com, or David Ruisard at 713-658-3224, david.ruisard@platts.com.

Beginning October 1, 2009, Platts is implementing a change to the position match guidelines in its US editorial processes where eWindow is used. If a market maker raises a bid and matches an offer for the same product and timing via eWindow, or conversely lowers an offer and matches a bid for the same product and timing via eWindow, the two parties will be considered to have transacted for our editorial purposes and both parties will have the option to repeat the bid/offer at the same level or less than the traded price. Currently, matches of bids/offer in existing US editorial processes result in a transaction, but the position of the market maker who prompted the match remains at the same level until one minute has passed for the opposing market maker to submit a rebid/reoffer. This guideline will remain in place for non-eWindow US editorial processes. For questions or comments, please contact Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.
5-Oct-09 Platts is clarifying its time extension guidelines in US editorial processes where eWindow is used. If any party expresses its repeat interest to buy/sell within 20 seconds of the close at 3:15:01 via eWindow, an automatic three-minute time extension period will be triggered in order to adequately test repeatability. Only the bid or offer that shows repeat buying/selling interest will be valid during that extension period. If, at 3:15:01, there is additional market depth at the same price level as the repeat order that triggered the extension, the assessment will reflect the remaining market depth at the close. For questions or comments, please contact Subhan Usmani, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

7-Oct-09 Platts will not publish any Americas oil, petrochemicals, gas, power, coal, emissions, or metals assessments on Thursday, November 26 and Friday, November 27, 2009, due to the US Thanksgiving holiday weekend. If any counterparty credit filters need to be written notification within a reasonable timeframe prior to the start not participating in the process directly through eWindow. If you are technology. Counterparty credit is open for all companies that are for Colonial Pipeline grades will be facilitated through eWindow at 713-658-3268, Yahoo iD platts_usgc2, or by email at suhan_usmani@platts.com. Questions and comments please contact Subhan Usmani, +1-713-658-3268, subhan_usmani@platts.com, or David Ruisard 713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com.

7-Oct-09 Beginning October 15, 2009, Platts’ conventional unleaded, premium unleaded, CBOB, RBOB and PBOB gasoline assessments for the Chicago market will reflect 13.5 RVP. The change is part of a seasonal RVP shift. For questions or comments, please contact Jennifer Brumback at 713-658-3237, jennifer_brumback@platts.com, or David Ruisard at 713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com.

7-Oct-09 Platts will launch eWindow software for its US Gulf Coast gasoline assessment process for Colonial Pipeline grades on Friday, October 9. This will create a different format for published bid and offer headlines on PGA page 400. For example, a headline that currently appears as "USGC: Gasoline: C55 M3: Company XX bids Nov 3.00 cents/gal, 25kb" would instead be published as "Platts Gasoline M3 USGC ColPipe C55, Company XX bids Nov NYMEX RBOB $0.03/gal for 25." In the new headline structure, the volume being bid for will be expressed as a multiple of 25,000 barrels, with a minimum volume of 25,000 barrels. Also, differentials are expressed in $/gal, rather than cents/gal. Company short-form names may also appear differently. For questions and comments please contact Subhan Usmani, +1 713-658-3268, Yahoo ID platts_usgc2, or by email at suhan_usmani@platts.com.

8-Oct-09 Effective October 9, the US Gulf Coast Gasoline MOC process for Colonial Pipeline grades will be facilitated through eWindow technology. Counterparty credit is open for all companies that are not participating in the process directly through eWindow. If you are submitting your information through an editor and have not already notified Platts of any counterparty credit restrictions, please provide written notification within a reasonable timeframe prior to the start of the MOC process if any counterparty credit filters need to be enabled or modified. For questions and comments, please contact Esa Ramasamy, +1 713-658-3292, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

14-Oct-09 Platts will resume publication of seasonal ultra low sulfur No. 1 kerosene assessments for US Midwest Group 3 and Chicago markets. In Chicago, the assessment will resume October 26, 2009, on page 275. In Group 3, the assessment will resume November 2, 2009, on page 18. For questions or comments, please contact Jennifer Brumback at 713-658-3237, jennifer_brumback@platts.com, or David Ruisard 713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com.

15-Oct-09 Platts US Gulf Coast conventional 87, premium 93, CBOB 87, premium CBOB 93, Atlanta CBOB 87, and Atlanta premium CBOB 93 gasoline assessments will reflect 13.5 RVP beginning with the 61st Colonial Pipeline shipping cycle on October 21. These changes reflect seasonal adjustments to the RVP levels. For questions or comments, please contact Subhan Usmani, +1-713-658-3268, subhan_usmani@platts.com, or David Ruisard, +1-713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com.

16-Oct-09 Platts is seeking feedback on a proposal to change the basis and location of its US Atlantic Coast residual fuel oil cargo assessments beginning January 4, 2010. Platts is proposing to change the basis and location to basis CFR New York Harbor. Currently, Platts assesses USAC residual fuel oil cargoes basis CIF Boston-Maryland range. Under this proposal, bids, offers, and transactions that reflect delivery to locations beyond New York Harbor, i.e. Boston-Maryland range, would be normalized by using prevailing freight rates. Please respond by November 16, 2009 with comments or questions to Tom Somowski, tom_somowski@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

16-Oct-09 Beginning November 1, Platts assessments for California gasoline grades will reflect the following RVP changes: Los Angeles regular and premium CARBOB gasoline will reflect a 10.5 RVP; Los Angeles regular and premium unleaded gasoline will reflect a 11.5 RVP; San Francisco regular and premium CARBOB gasoline, and San Francisco regular and premium unleaded gasoline will reflect a 12.5 RVP. These seasonal RVP changes are per Kinder Morgan pipeline specifications. Beginning November 1, Platts assessments for Seattle regular and premium unleaded gasoline will reflect a 13.5 RVP, as per Olympic Pipe Line specifications. For questions or comments, please contact Lisa Street at lisa_street@platts.com or David Ruisard at david_ruisard@platts.com.

22-Oct-09 Platts assesses the US Atlantic Coast gasoline cargo market on an inside-duty basis, inclusive of import duties and Renewable Identification Number (RINS) credits. The value of RINS credits is derived from the RINS calendar-year assessments published by Platts. Platts also assesses the US Atlantic Coast distillate cargo market on an inside-duty basis. This has been the practice in the Platts USAC gasoline and distillate cargo assessment process. For questions and comments, please contact Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

29-Oct-09 Platts is seeking comment on a proposal to change the basis of its US Atlantic Coast gasoline cargo assessments to ex-duty and welcomes your feedback on appropriate timing for this proposed change. Platts continues to assess the USAC gasoline cargoes on an inside-duty basis, but typical market practices for gasoline import cargo transactions have shifted primarily to an ex-duty basis. Platts...
will continue to assess the USAC distillate cargo markets on an inside-duty basis. For additional questions, please contact Sheela Tobben, sheela_tobben@platts.com, Asif Ali, asif_ali@platts.com with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

2-Nov-09 Beginning November 2, 2009, Platts’ assessments for Atlantic Coast gasoline grades will reflect 15.0 RVP as per Buckeye Pipeline/Laurel Pipeline/NYMEX futures specifications. These assessments run on PGA 14, 17 and 570, US marketscan and Olgram Price Report. Please send feedback to Sheela Tobben, sheela_tobben@platts.com, Bristol Voss, bristol_voss@platts.com.

16-Nov-09 Beginning December 1, 2009, Platts’ conventional unleaded N-grade and premium unleaded A-grade gasoline assessments for the Group 3 market will reflect 15 RVP. The change is part of a seasonal shift in vapor pressure specifications. For questions or comments, please contact Jennifer Brumback at 713-658-3237, jennifer_brumback@platts.com, or David Ruisard at 713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com.

16-Nov-09 As previously announced in the 2009 holiday calendar, Americas oil and petrochemical assessment processes will close at 1:30 pm Eastern Time on Thursday, December 24, 2009 ahead of the Christmas Day holiday, and Thursday, December 31, 2009 ahead of the New Year’s Day holiday. Platts will not publish any oil, petrochemicals, gas, power, coal, or emissions assessments globally on Friday, December 25 and Friday, January 1, 2010. Please contact Suzanne Evans, suzanne_evans@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com for questions or comments.

17-Nov-09 Effective January 4, 2010, Platts is proposing to launch balance-month US Atlantic Coast 1% fuel oil swaps and the US Gulf Coast 3% fuel oil swaps assessments. These assessments would be published from the first day of each calendar month until the 15th of the month, and would include the current day’s price assessment in contractual settlement calculations. For example, a balance January swap assessed on January 4 would be deemed by Platts for assessment purposes to settle using spot values published from January 4 until (and including) the final publishing day of the month. The new assessments would be published in Platts Dispatch, US Marketscan, Platts Global Alert pages 44 (US Atlantic Coast physical fuel oil assessment page) and 50 (US Gulf Coast physical fuel oil page). For further information, please send inquiries to Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com by November 30, 2009.

17-Nov-09 Platts continues to seek feedback on its proposal to change the basis and location of its US Atlantic Coast residual fuel oil cargo assessments. Platts had initially proposed a launch date of January 4, 2010, but is seeking feedback on appropriate launch timing for this change. Platts is proposing to change the basis and location to basis CFR New York Harbor. Currently, Platts assesses USAC residual fuel oil cargoes basis CIF Boston-Maryland range. Under this proposal, bids, offers, and transactions that reflect delivery to locations beyond New York Harbor, i.e. Boston-Maryland range, would be normalized by using prevailing freight rates. Please respond by December 11, 2009 with comments or questions to Tom Kosowski, tom_kosowski@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

19-Nov-09 Following a period of industry feedback, Platts is revising its proposal to change the basis of its US Atlantic Coast gasoline cargo assessments to ex-duty, and has decided to maintain the existing assessment without any changes to its methodology. However, due to changes in market practice, Platts is proposing to launch supplemental ex-duty basis USAC cargo assessments for Unleaded 87, Unleaded 89, Unleaded 93, RBOB, Premium RBOB, CBOB and Premium CBOB. These assessments would be published concurrent to Platts existing USAC gasoline cargo assessments, which currently reflect inside-duty basis. The supplemental assessments would be published in Platts Dispatch, Platts Global Alert, US Marketscan, and Olgram Price Report, and would be exclusive of RINS, import duty, and any importing fees. In addition, Platts is proposing to launch an assessment of the gasoline duty, RINS, and importing fees value on February 1 which will be called “Duty+RINS.” Platts is considering launching these new assessments on February 1, 2010, but welcomes your feedback on appropriate launch timing. Please respond with questions and comments by December 15, 2009 to Sheela Tobben, sheela_tobben@platts.com with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

20-Nov-09 Beginning December 7, 2009, Platts’ conventional unleaded, premium unleaded, CBOB, RBOB and PBOB gasoline assessments for the Chicago market will reflect 15 RVP. The change is part of a seasonal RVP shift. For questions or comments, please contact Jennifer Brumback at 713-658-3237, jennifer_brumback@platts.com, or David Ruisard at 713-658-3224, david_ruisard@platts.com.

1-Dec-09 Platts has decided to launch balance-month US Atlantic Coast 1% fuel oil swaps and the US Gulf Coast 3% fuel oil swaps assessments on January 4, 2010. These assessments will be published from the first day of each calendar month until the 15th of the month, and would and would use the current day’s fuel oil assessments for those two products as the basis for determining the balance month assessment. The new assessments will be published in Platts Dispatch, US Marketscan, Platts Global Alert pages 44 (US Atlantic Coast physical fuel oil assessment page) and 50 (US Gulf Coast physical fuel oil page). For further information, please send inquiries to Esa Ramasamy, esa_ramasamy@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com.

17-Dec-09 Following industry consultation, Platts has decided to assess the Americas oil and petrochemical assessment markets up to 2:30 pm Eastern Time on Thursday, December 31, 2009. Platts had earlier announced a 1:30 pm ET close for December 31 but after a survey of industry players, Platts has decided to close at 2:30 pm ET. The NYMEX will close regular trading of its energy futures contracts at 2:30 pm ET on Thursday, December 31. As previously announced, Platts will close its Americas oil and petrochemical assessment processes at 1:30 pm ET on Thursday, December 24, 2009. On December 24, the NYMEX will close regular trading of its energy futures contracts at 1:30 pm ET. Platts will not publish any oil or petrochemicals assessments globally on Friday, December 25 and Friday, January 1, 2010. Please contact Suzanne Evans, suzanne_evans@platts.com, with a cc to pricegroup@platts.com for questions or comments.